

BEGIN - JUNE 20, 1959

A92(400)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD BIG FOUR

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

GENEVA, JUNE 20 (AP)--THE BIG FOUR TODAY BROKE OFF TALKS ON THE BERLIN CRISIS IN STALEMATE AND SILENCE WITH PROSPECTS FOR AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING STILL UNCERTAIN AS EVER.

BOTH THE RUSSIANS AND THE WESTERNERS SEEMED AGREED AFTER SIX WEEKS OF PAINSTAKING NEGOTIATION THAT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS HAVE CLARIFIED, RATHER THAN NARROWED, THEIR MAIN DIFFERENCES OVER BERLIN.

BUT THE TWO SIDES ALSO SEEMED CERTAIN THAT THEIR STRUGGLE FOR BERLIN--AND THROUGH BERLIN ALL GERMANY--STILL LIES AHEAD.

"IT'S GOING TO BE A LONG, HOT SUMMER--AND I'M NOT TALKING ABOUT THE WEATHER," ONE WESTERN MINISTER SAID PRIVATELY.

U.S., BRITISH AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTERS TOOK LEAVE OF RUSSIA'S ANDREI A. GROMYKO IN A FIVE-MINUTE CEREMONY THIS MORNING WHICH WAS MARKED BY AN ABSENCE OF SPEECHES.

THEY LEFT OPEN THE DOOR OF THEIR PALACE OF NATIONS CONFERENCE ROOM FOR A RESUMPTION OF TALKS ON BERLIN, GERMANY AND EUROPEAN PROBLEMS JULY 13.

AFTER LUNCHING WITH GROMYKO AND TALKING PRIVATELY WITH HIS WESTERN COLLEAGUES, SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TOOK OFF FOR WASHINGTON IN AN AIR FORCE PLANE. HE WILL REPORT AT ONCE TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD, WITH SENIOR MEMBERS OF HIS DELEGATION, FOLLOWED SHORTLY AFTERWARD IN A CHARTER PLANE FOR LONDON. GROMYKO AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE LEAVE FOR HOME TOMORROW.

IN ASSESSING THE SIX-WEEK TALKS FOR PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, HERTER WAS EXPECTED TO MAKE THESE POINTS:

1. SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV LOOKS AS THOUGH HE IS TRYING TO BULLDOZE HIS WAY TO A SUMMIT MEETING. HE DOES NOT SEEM READY TO PAY ANY SORT OF PRICE FOR A SUMMIT--FOR INSTANCE IN THE FORM OF A PRIOR BERLIN FACE-SAVING DEAL.

2. KHRUSHCHEV'S TOUGH STANCE PROBABLY STEMS FROM A MISTAKEN SOVIET BELIEF THAT THE ALLIES ARE IN A STATE OF DISARRAY AND CONFUSION. THERE ARE DIFFERENCES AMONG THE WESTERN POWERS BUT THE HARDER THE RUSSIANS PUSH THE CLOSER THE ALLIES SEEM TO GET.

3. ON THE BASIS OF LLOYD'S VIEWS, BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN REMAINS AS HOPEFUL AS EVER THAT AN EVENTUAL ACCORD WILL BE REACHED WITH THE RUSSIANS OVER BERLIN. THE BRITISH STILL INTEND TO ARGUE FOR A SUMMIT CONFERENCE NO LATER THAN THE FALL, EVEN IF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS FAIL TO END THE BERLIN CRISIS.

4. THE ALLIES MUST STAND READY TO RECONSIDER THEIR INTENTION TO RESUME THE FOREIGN MINISTER' TALKS HERE JULY 13 IN THE LIGHT OF DEVELOPMENTS. PROVOCATIVE ACTIONS BY THE COMMUNIST SIDE SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO GO UNCHALLENGED. SIMILARLY THE ALLIES SHOULD TRY TO AVOID UNNECESSARILY IRRITATING THE SOVIETS AND THEIR EAST GERMAN SATELLITE OVER THE BERLIN ISSUE.

1959

30.24-7471.

KHRUSHCHEV AND EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST CHIEF WALTER ULBRICHT, IN A COMMUNIQUE WINDING UP THEIR MOSCOW TALKS, APPEARED TO SIGNAL THE COURSE OF A DEVELOPING DIPLOMATIC OFFENSIVE. THEY CALLED FOR EARLY SUMMIT DISCUSSIONS TO SETTLE THE "MOST URGENT INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS INCLUDING...WEST BERLIN."

BETWEEN NOW AND THE JULY 13 RESUMPTION DATE, LEADERS OF EAST AND WEST ARE EXPECTED TO EXCHANGE NOTES ON THE THORNY PROBLEM OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

IN THEIR DIPLOMATIC EXCHANGES THEY ALSO WILL BRING UP OTHER ISSUES THAT DIVIDE THEM--ON DISARMAMENT AND EUROPEAN SECURITY.

SOME DIPLOMATS HERE REPORTED THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND KHRUSHCHEV ALREADY HAVE EXCHANGED MESSAGES IN THE PAST WEEK OR SO.

A PATTERN OF FACE-TO-FACE CONSULTATIONS BETWEEN WESTERN LEADERS ALSO IS LIKELY. MACMILLAN IS THINKING OF CALLING AT SOME KEY ALLIED CAPITALS, INCLUDING WASHINGTON, TO PRESS HIS IDEAS ABOUT AN UNCONDITIONAL SUMMIT MEETING.

PS440PED

A93

WITH GENEVA BIG FOUR

LONDON, JUNE 20 (AP)--FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD FLEW HOME FROM THE STALLED GENEVA TALKS TONIGHT AND EXPRESSED OPTIMISM THAT THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS STILL CAN SMOOTH OUT THE BERLIN PROBLEM.

"I AM DISAPPOINTED THAT WE HAVE NOT MADE AN AGREEMENT BUT I AM NOT DOWNCAST," LLOYD TOLD REPORTERS AT LONDON AIRPORT.

HE STRESSED THAT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE HAD ONLY BEEN RECESSED UNTIL JULY 13 -- "WE HAVE NOT BROKEN OFF OUR DISCUSSION."

AS ON PREVIOUS TRIPS HOME DURING THE CONFERENCE, LLOYD ADVOCATED PATIENCE.

"THE NATIONS NEEDED A RECESS FOR TRYING TO THINK ABOUT WHAT HAD BEEN SAID AND TO DECIDE HOW WE CAN APPROACH THE NEXT PHASE OF THE CONFERENCE, WHICH I THINK CAN STILL ACHIEVE A SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN PROBLEM," LLOYD SAID.

HL/RK701PED

A114

WITH GENEVA (170)

BERLIN, JUNE 20 (AP)--WEST BERLIN NEWSPAPERS TODAY INTERPRETED THE 23-DAY RECESS IN THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE AS A WESTERN VICTORY.

"THIS SITUATION IS UNDOUBTEDLY A SUCCESS OF ALLIED NEGOTIATION TACTICS," THE INDEPENDENT SPANDAUER VOLKSBLATT SAID.

"FOR THE FIRST TIME THE WEST HAS SUCCEEDED IN MAKING IT CLEAR NOT ONLY TO THE SOVIETS BUT ALSO TO THE NEUTRAL CAMP THAT IT IS THE EAST THAT DOES NOT WANT SERIOUS NEGOTIATIONS."

SAID THE B.Z., A TABLOID: "LET'S NOT FOOL OURSELVES ABOUT THE SERIOUSNESS OF THE SITUATION. THE PAST SIX CONFERENCE WEEKS HAVE SHOWN THAT MOSCOW IS NOT WILLING TO DROP EVEN A BIT OF ITS OLD THREATENING DEMANDS."

DER TAG, INDEPENDENT, STRESSED THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE NOT SUCCEEDED IN "PERFORATING THE WESTERN FRONT."

A SPOKESMAN OF THE EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT PRESS OFFICE INDICATED THE COMMUNISTS HAVE SOMETHING UP THEIR SLEEVES TO HARASS WEST BERLIN WHEN WEST GERMANY'S PARLIAMENT MEETS IN BERLIN NEXT MONTH TO ELECT A FEDERAL PRESIDENT.



"YOU KNOW OUR VIEWS ON THE PROBLEM," HE SAID. "BUT IF YOU WANT TO KNOW WHAT WE INTEND TO DO, WE HAVE TO ASK YOU FOR A BIT OF PATIENCE."  
J1006AED

A16

AMS BUDGET 480  
BIG FOUR INTERPRETIVE  
BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

GENEVA, JUNE 20 (AP)-THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS, IN TALKS BEFORE THEIR RECESS, AGREED BROADLY ON SOME INGREDIENTS FOR A FACE-SAVING DEAL ON BERLIN. THE DISPUTE IS OVER HOW TO MIX AND SEASON THEM.

THE CENTER OF THE CRISIS IS THE DISPUTE OVER THE RIGHT OF THE BRITISH, FRENCH AND AMERICANS TO MAINTAIN OCCUPATION GARRISONS IN WEST BERLIN, 110 MILES INSIDE COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

THE SOVIET UNION REFUSES TO HONOR THOSE RIGHTS INDEFINITELY AND HAVE PROPOSED THREE DIFFERENT DEADLINES FOR THE ALLIES TO GET OUT. FIRST THEY SET IT AT 6 MONTHS, LATER A YEAR AND NOW 18 MONTHS.

THE ALLIES REFUSE TO PART WITH THEIR OCCUPATION RIGHTS, WON IN TIME OF WAR, FEARING THE 2,200,000 WEST BERLINERS WILL BE ENGULFED BY THE COMMUNISTS IF U.S., BRITISH AND FRENCH TROOPS WITHDRAW.

THE RUSSIANS YESTERDAY, IN A CLIMATIC SESSION OF THE CONFERENCE, LAID DOWN WHAT AT FIRST SIGHT LOOKED LIKE THE SORT OF DEAL THE WEST HAD BEEN HOPING FOR.

THE RUSSIANS SAID THE IDEA OF A DEADLINE WAS NOT IMPORTANT TO THEM. INSTEAD THEY SUGGESTED AN 18-MONTH PERIOD DURING WHICH THE QUEST FOR AGREEMENT COULD BE CARRIED ON.

AT THE END OF THAT PERIOD THE BIG FOUR COULD RESUME STUDY OF THE PROBLEM. MEANTIME ALLIED RIGHTS OF FREE ACCESS--WHICH ALSO MEANT THEIR RIGHT TO STAY IN WEST BERLIN--WOULD BE GUARANTEED.

BUT THE ALLIES SAID THEY SAW A BUILT-IN GIMMICK IN A PHRASE WHICH SAID THAT THE FUTURE BIG FOUR DISCUSSIONS SHOULD TAKE PLACE "WITH DUE REGARD TO THE SITUATION" WHICH EXISTS "BY THAT TIME."

THIS WOULD ALLOW THE SOVIETS TO TAKE ANY ACTION THAT WOULD ROB THE WEST OF ITS RIGHTS, ALLIED MINISTERS COMPLAINED.

DESPITE DENIALS AND PROTESTATIONS OF THE SOVIETS, THE ALLIES DID NOT ACCEPT THE PLAN. BUT THEY LEFT OPEN THE DOOR TO DISCUSS IT AGAIN.

THEY BELIEVE THERE IS A BASIS OF AGREEMENT THERE. FOR SOME DAYS THE BRITISH HAD BEEN TALKING OF SOME SORT OF FORMULA ALONG THE VERY LINES THE RUSSIANS CAME UP WITH.

ILLUSTRATING THEIR PROGRESS ON OTHER POINTS TO DATE, BOTH SIDES AGREE BROADLY:

1. TO NEGOTIATE A NEW INTERIM ACCORD ON BERLIN PENDING AN ALL-GERMAN SETTLEMENT.
2. TO CARRY OUT IMPROVEMENTS INSIDE THE CITY SO AS TO LESSEN CHANCES OF INCIDENTS.
3. TO KEEP NUCLEAR AND ROCKET WEAPONS OUT OF THE CITY.
4. TO SET UP A BIG FOUR COMMISSION, WITH GERMANS IN IT, TO SEE FAIR PLAY.

THE WEST ALSO WOULD BE READY TO CONSIDER TROOP REDUCTIONS IN WEST BERLIN AND TO CURTAIL HOSTILE ANTI-RED ACTIVITIES IF THE REDS DO THE SAME IN EAST BERLIN.

AND THE RUSSIANS AT LEAST FOR A TIME WOULD BE PREPARED TO GUARANTEE THE FREEDOM OF THE AIR, AND WATER ACCESS ROUTES WHICH ARE WEST BERLIN'S LIFELINES.

IN GENERAL, RUSSIA AND THE WEST SEEM READY TO WORK OUT ARRANGEMENTS THAT LEAVE THINGS MUCH AS THEY ARE.

COMPARED WITH LAST NOVEMBER, WHEN THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE REJECTED A SOVIET ULTIMATUM TO QUIT BERLIN IN SIX MONTHS, THESE AGREEMENTS SEEM TO REPRESENT SOME IMPROVEMENT IN THE SITUATION.

THE ALLIES ARE SATISFIED THAT IF THEY SIT IT OUT LONG ENOUGH THE RUSSIANS WILL IN THE END COME TO REASONABLE TERMS.

HW130PED

1959

A1 (650)

AMS BUDGET  
HERTER ANALYSIS  
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

GENEVA, JUNE 20 (AP)-CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TURNED AWAY FROM HIS FIRST BIG EAST-WEST CONFERENCE TODAY WITH THE AIR OF A MAN AT ONCE RELIEVED AND DISAPPOINTED.

IT WAS A ROUGH INITIATION INTO THE WAYS OF COLD WAR DIPLOMACY FOR THE NEW SECRETARY OF STATE.

HE CAME HERE JUST SIX WEEKS AGO HOPING THAT IN THE FINAL SHOWDOWN RUSSIA'S ANDREI GROMYKO WOULD AGREE TO END THE SOVIET THREAT TO BERLIN. NOW HE SEES NO WAY OUT OF THE IMPASSE.

THE NEXT THREE WEEKS COULD BRING A CHANGE IN THE SOVIET POSITION. BUT HERTER AND HIS WESTERN COLLEAGUES ARE UP AGAINST ONE HARD FACT WHICH THEY DID NOT KNOW WHEN THEY CAME HERE SIX WEEKS AGO. THEIR MAIN BARGAINING WEAPON, THE PROSPECT OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE, WAS NOT AS POWERFUL AS THEY THOUGHT IT WOULD BE.

ONE REASON MAY BE THAT PUBLIC DISAGREEMENT AMONG THE WESTERN POWERS BLUNTED THE WEAPON'S EFFECTIVENESS.

SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV KNEW AS WELL AS ANYONE THAT WHILE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WANTS A SUMMIT MEETING ONLY IF THERE IS REAL PROSPECT OF AGREEMENT, PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN OF BRITAIN THINKS A MEETING IS INEVITABLE.

KHRUSHCHEV APPARENTLY BELIEVES THAT IF HE STICKS TO A TOUGH POLICY OF THREATS AND PRESSURE OVER BERLIN, AND PERHAPS OTHER EAST-WEST ISSUES, HE WILL GET TO THE SUMMIT ON HIS OWN TERMS.

THERE IS NO REASON TO THINK NOW THAT KHRUSHCHEV WILL ABANDON THIS LINE BEFORE THE SCHEDULED RESUMPTION OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS DISCUSSIONS JULY 13.

NOR IS THE SUMMIT ISSUE THE ONLY ONE ON WHICH KHRUSHCHEV PRESUMABLY COUNTS TO MAKE TROUBLE FOR THE WEST. THERE ARE SHARP DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FRANCE ON ONE HAND AND THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ON THE OTHER OVER ATLANTIC ALLIANCE POLICY. THERE IS POLITICAL TURMOIL IN WEST GERMANY OVER KONRAD ADENAUER'S DECISION TO STAY ON AS CHANCELLOR.

SUCH MATTERS AND THEIR IMPACT ON THE WHOLE RANGE OF SOVIET-WESTERN PROBLEMS WILL REQUIRE HERTER'S URGENT ATTENTION DURING THE NEXT FEW WEEKS AS HE PREPARES FOR THE NEXT ROUND OF NEGOTIATIONS.

HERTER WAS SWORN IN TO SUCCEED THE LATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES AS SECRETARY OF STATE JUST TWO MONTHS AGO. ALTHOUGH HE HAD BEEN UNDERSECRETARY FOR TWO YEARS HE HAD GAINED EXPERIENCE CHIEFLY IN MATTERS NOT RELATED TO RUSSIA. DULLES HIMSELF HAD HANDLED SOVIET ISSUES AND THE PREPARATIONS FOR THE BIG-FOUR CONFERENCE.

IN COMING TO GENEVA, HERTER EXPECTED TO HAVE TO GO THROUGH A LONG PROCESS OF NEGOTIATIONS ON WHICH NO AGREEMENT WAS POSSIBLE IN ORDER TO BUILD UP THE WESTERN CASE FOR GERMAN REUNIFICATION AND FOR A PERMANENT SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN CRISIS.

ALONG WITH SELWYN LLOYD OF BRITAIN AND MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE OF FRANCE, BOTH DIPLOMATIC VETERANS, HE PLANNED TO USE PATIENCE AND PLAY THE WAITING GAME WITH GROMYKO TO TRY TO GET THE ONE AGREEMENT WHICH THEN SEEMED POSSIBLE. THAT WAS AN AGREEMENT TO LIFT THE IMMEDIATE SOVIET THREAT TO BERLIN.

BUT THE WAITING GAME AND THE BAIT OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WERE NOT ENOUGH. SIX WEEKS OF NEGOTIATIONS HAVE FAILED TO REMOVE THE DANGER FROM THE BERLIN SITUATION. IT MAY INDEED BE SOMEWHAT GREATER NOW IN WESTERN EYES BECAUSE THE NEGOTIATIONS HAVE SERVED TO SHARPEN THE DEADLOCK AND DASH THE EARLIER HOPE FOR AN AGREEMENT.

GROMYKO HAS USED THE CONFERENCE TO EMPHASIZE SOVIET SUPPORT FOR EAST GERMANY AND TO TRY TO BLACKEN THE REPUTATION OF WEST GERMANY WITH CHARGES OF AGGRESSIVE PREPARATION FOR A NEW WAR.

THROUGHOUT THE SIX WEEKS, GROMYKO USUALLY HELD THE INITIATIVE AND MUCH OF THE TIME HE WAS THE DOMINANT FIGURE. HERTER, LLOYD AND COUVE DE MURVILLE NEVER SUCCEEDED IN FIGURING OUT AN EFFECTIVE OFFENSIVE STRATEGY.



HERTER'S INEXPERIENCE, HIS NEED TO PROCEED CAUTIOUSLY AND TO RELY HEAVILY ON THE ADVICE OF OTHERS, PROBABLY WAS AN IMPORTANT FACTOR IN THIS SITUATION.

THE POSITION OF THE UNITED STATES AS THE LEADING POWER IN THE WESTERN ALLIANCE MAKES THE SECRETARY OF STATE ALMOST INEVITABLY ASSUME THE ROLE OF LEADERSHIP, AS DULLES' WORK DEMONSTRATED.

HERTER IS CREDITED BY DIPLOMATS OF OTHER DELEGATIONS WITH HAVING WON THE ADMIRATION OF LLOYD AND COUVE DE MURVILLE FOR THE SKILL AND EASE WITHWHICH HE BECAME A MEMBER OF THE ALLIED TEAM AND PLAYED HIS PART IN THE DEBATES AND NEGOTIATIONS.

HIS GENTLE FRIENDLY MANNER IS SAID TO BE MUCH APPRECIATED BY HIS COLLEAGUES. ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS HE TOLD OFF GROMYKO IN FIRM, COLD WORDS THAT LEFT NO DOUBT HE COULD GET TOUGH WHEN NECESSARY.

BUT IN THE MAIN HE WAS FOLLOWING A BROAD STRATEGY OF NEGOTIATION WHICH HAD BEEN WORKED OUT BY DULLES MONTHS BEFORE. HIS ABILITY AS AN ARCHITECT OF MAJOR U.S. AND ALLIED POLICIES REMAINS TO BE FULLY ASSESSED IN THE LIGHT OF HIS WORK IN THE MONTHS AHEAD.

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A105

(120)

GENEVA, JUNE 20 (AP)-U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AND BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD HELD A BRIEF MEETING SHORTLY BEFORE LEAVING GENEVA TODAY TO REVIEW THE PROGRESS OF THE THREE-NATION TALKS ON A NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH DELEGATES IN THE TALKS, JAMES J. WADSWORTH AND SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT, TOOK PART IN THE DISCUSSION AT HERTER'S VILLA. A WESTERN SPOKESMAN SAID THE TWO FOREIGN MINISTERS "UNDERTOOK A COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF THE PROBLEMS NOW FACING THE NUCLEAR TEST CONFERENCE."

WADSWORTH AND SIR MICHAEL MEET MONDAY WITH SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON TSARAPKIN FOR THE 100TH SESSION OF THE TALKS. ON THE SAME DAY, SCIENTIFIC EXPERTS FROM THE THREE NUCLEAR POWERS BEGIN A TECHNICAL STUDY OF MEANS TO CONTROL HIGH ALTITUDE NUCLEAR TESTS.

RK734PED

A52WX

(440) NIGHT LEAD BIG FOUR

BY LEWIS GULICK

WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY PLEDGED ANEW TO PROTECT "THE COURAGEOUS PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN" FROM COMMUNIST PRESSURE.

THE "WE'RE STANDING FIRM" STATEMENT CAME FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT AS SECRETARY CHRISTIAN A. HERTER HEADED HOME TO WASHINGTON AFTER SIX FRUITLESS WEEKS AT THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE.

THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS ON THE GERMAN CRISIS ARE TO RESUME JULY 13.

HERTER AND UNDERSECRETARY C. DOUGLAS DILLON SCHEDULED A STRATEGY Huddle WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT THE WHITE HOUSE LATE TOMORROW. HERTER WILL REPORT TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE EARLY NEXT WEEK IN A

RADIO-TV SPEECH ON THE GENEVA TALKS. HE ALSO ARRANGED TALKS WITH KEY CONGRESSMEN.

DECISIONS ON WHAT STEPS TO TAKE NEXT AWAITED HERTER'S RETURN SUNDAY. BUT U.S. OFFICIALS SAW LITTLE THAT THE UNITED STATE COULD DO TO SOLVE THE GERMAN PROBLEM. THE SOVIETS REJECTED EVERYTHING THE BRITISH, FRENCH AND AMERICANS HAD TO OFFER IN THE FIRST ROUND AT GENEVA.

THERE WAS SOME INCLINATION IN OFFICIAL QUARTERS TO SIT TIGHT, MAKE SURE THE WESTERN POSITION WAS WELL UNDERSTOOD BY THE WORLD, AND SEE WHAT THE SOVIETS WOULD OFFER.

AUTHORITIES DISCOUNTED ANY IDEA THAT THE WESTERN BIG THREE WOULD HOLD A SUMMIT CONFERENCE OF THEIR OWN BEFORE THEIR FOREIGN MINISTERS GO

30.24-7473

BACK TO GENEVA NEXT MONTH.

EISENHOWER WILL BE SEEING FROL KOZLOV, SOVIET FIRST DEPUTY PREMIER, DURING THE FIRST WEEK OF JULY. KOZLOV IS COMING TO THIS COUNTRY TO OPEN A SOVIET EXHIBITION IN NEW YORK, AND WILL THEN VISIT WASHINGTON.

THE RUSSIANS STARTED THE GERMAN CRISIS BY CALLING FOR AN END TO THE POSTWAR OCCUPATION OF WEST BERLIN. THE WESTERN ALLIES HAVE STEADFASTLY MAINTAINED THAT THEY HAVE RIGHTS TO STAY IN THE CITY AND ACCESS TO IT.

SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV YESTERDAY DECLARED THAT "IF THE WEST CONTINUES TO HINDER THE SETTLEMENT OF THE GERMAN QUESTION," THEN RUSSIA WILL GO AHEAD WITH PLANS TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY.

AND IN A COMMUNIQUE ISSUED TODAY FOLLOWING A MOSCOW VISIT OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN LEADERS, THE REDS ANNOUNCED THEIR DETERMINATION "TO TAKE ALL NECESSARY MEASURES FOR THE MOST SPEEDY REMOVAL OF THE ABNORMAL SITUATION IN WEST BERLIN."

THE U.S. STATEMENT WAS ISSUED HERE SHORTLY AFTER THE COMMUNIST COMMUNIQUE.

"THE UNITED STATES HAS CONSTANTLY BORNE IN MIND THE DIFFICULT POSITION OF THE COURAGEOUS PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN," IT SAID. "OUR RESPONSIBILITY TO THEM HAS BEEN AND WILL REMAIN OUR PRIMARY CONSIDERATION."

"THE U.S. GOVERNMENT BELIEVES THEY SHARE OUR CONFIDENCE THAT WITH PATIENCE AND DETERMINATION WE SHALL FIND SOLUTIONS WHICH WILL SAFEGUARD THEIR SECURITY AND WELFARE."

WEST BERLIN'S TWO MILLION INHABITANTS, LIVING IN FREEDOM AND PROSPERITY IN CONTRAST TO SURROUNDING COMMUNIST TERRITORY, HAVE LONG BEEN A TORN TO THE RUSSIANS.

BU343PED

A25

(570)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

BERLIN, JUNE 20 (AP)-RUSSIA AND EAST GERMANY TODAY CALLED FOR A SUMMIT CONFERENCE ON THE BERLIN DISPUTE AND WARNED AGAIN THEY WILL SIGN A SEPARATE TREATY IF "AGGRESSIVE CIRCLES" PREVENT AN EAST-WEST AGREEMENT.

THIS WAS THE ESSENCE OF A 17-PAGE COMMUNIQUE ISSUED JOINTLY IN MOSCOW AND BERLIN AT THE END OF A 12-DAY VISIT TO THE SOVIET UNION BY AN OFFICIAL EAST GERMAN DELEGATION.

AT THE SAME TIME, EAST GERMAN PREMIER OTTO GROTEWOHL DECLARED THE "SOVIET UNION WILL USE ITS ENTIRE MATERIAL POWER" TO MAKE A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY EFFECTIVE.

SPEAKING AT A WELCOME-HOME RALLY IN EAST BERLIN'S STALIN ALLEY, GROTEWOHL AGAIN SINGLED OUT CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER AS THE CHIEF ~~TSARAPKIN~~ <sup>TSARAPKIN</sup> IN THE WEST. HE SAID ~~TRYING TO PREVENT~~ <sup>TRYING TO PREVENT</sup> ADNAUR "IS PREVENTING EVERYTHING WHICH HAS TO DO WITH PEACE."

IN MOSCOW, PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV TOLD THE EAST GERMANS BEFORE THEIR DEPARTURE THAT THE COMMUNIQUE CEMENTED RELATIONS BETWEEN THEIR TWO COUNTRIES. HE DECLARED THERE WAS A UNANIMITY OF VIEWS ON ALL QUESTIONS.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID RUSSIA AND EAST GERMANY WERE DETERMINED TO CONTINUE THEIR FIGHT FOR A PEACE TREATY WITH ALL GERMANY OR THE TWO GERMAN STATES. IN GENERAL, IT ECHOED KHRUSHCHEV'S SPEECH AT A KREMLIN RALLY FOR THE EAST GERMANS YESTERDAY.

"IF A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT ON THIS BASIS IS PREVENTED BY AGGRESSIVE CIRCLES, THE PEACE TREATY WITH THE (EAST) GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC WILL BE SIGNED WITH THOSE STATES WHICH AGREE WITH IT AND WHICH ARE INTERESTED IN A PEACE SETTLEMENT WITH GERMANY," THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.



IT DECLARED A SUMMIT MEETING SHOULD BE HELD TO SETTLE THE "MOST URGENT INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS, INCLUDING THE PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY AND THE QUESTION OF WEST BERLIN."

THE COMMUNIQUE CHARGED THAT THE BONN GOVERNMENT WAS THE "CHIEF OPPONENT OF A RELAXATION OF TENSION AND PUTS UP A STUBBORN RESISTANCE AGAINST AN UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE BIG POWERS."

THE COMMUNIQUE WARNED THAT RUSSIA AND EAST GERMANY "WILL NOT BE READY TO SANCTION THE PRESERVATION OF THE (ALLIED) OCCUPATION REGIME IN WEST BERLIN FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD."

"THEY ARE DETERMINED TO TAKE ALL MEASURES REQUIRED TO ELIMINATE AS FAST AS POSSIBLE THE ANOMALOUS SITUATION IN WEST BERLIN WHICH HAS CONJURED UP A THREAT TO PEACE IN EUROPE," IT SAID.

THE JOINT STATEMENT DESCRIBED WESTERN ARGUMENTS AGAINST THE KREMLIN'S PROPOSAL TO MAKE WEST BERLIN AN UNARMED FREE CITY WAS "ARBITRARILY CONSTRUCTED."

THE RUSSIANS AND THE EAST GERMANS SAID THEY WERE PREPARED TO CONSENT TO THE CONTINUATION OF ALLIED OCCUPATION RIGHTS IN WEST BERLIN FOR A SPECIFIED TIME BUT THEY WILL NOT CONSENT "TO SANCTIONING FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD THE PRESERVATION OF THE OCCUPATION REGIME IN WEST BERLIN."

THE LATEST SOVIET PROPOSAL AT THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE SUGGESTED AN 18-MONTH PERIOD. THE WEST REJECTED THIS, SAYING IT REFUSED TO NEGOTIATE UNDER PRESSURE.

"IF THE WESTERN POWERS HONESTLY DESIRE TO REACH AN AGREEMENT," THE COMMUNIQUE SAID, "IT WOULD NOT BE DIFFICULT TO AGREE ON THE DEADLINES WHICH SHOULD NOT PRESENT AN OBSTACLE ON THE ROAD TO A SETTLEMENT."

GROTEWOHL DID NOT MENTION THE BERLIN PROBLEM IN HIS STALIN ALLEE SPEECH. HE HAD BEEN EXPECTED TO MAKE SOME COMMENT ON BONN'S DECISION TO ELECT THE NEW WEST GERMAN PRESIDENT IN A FEDERAL ASSEMBLY SESSION IN WEST BERLIN JULY 1. SOME WEST GERMAN POLITICIANS HAD WARNED THE KREMLIN WOULD CONSIDER THIS A PROVOKATION.

THE EAST GERMAN PREMIER SAID HE HAD RECEIVED A PLEDGE FROM THE KREMLIN LEADER THAT A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WOULD BE CONCLUDED "IF WE ARE FORCED TO DO SO BY... ADENAUER AND BONN."

WESTERN CIRCLES BELIEVE THE RUSSIANS WILL USE A SEPARATE EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY AS AN EXCUSE TO CANCEL THEIR FOUR-POWER AGREEMENTS GUARANTEEING ALLIED LIFELINES TO BERLIN.

7R152PFD

A73 (CQ)

LONDON, JUNE 20 (AP)-THE EAST GERMAN DELEGATION WHICH HAS BEEN VISITING THE SOVIET UNION FLEW HOME FROM MOSCOW TODAY.

MOSCOW RADIO SAID PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV SAW THE DELEGATION OFF FROM VNUKOV AIRPORT.

THE BROADCAST SAID KHRUSHCHEV WISHED SUCCESS TO THE DEPARTING DELEGATION "IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF A FREE AND INDEPENDENT STATE TRAVELING CONFIDENTLY ALONG THE ROAD OF SOCIALIST CONSTRUCTION."

JL656AFD

A88WX

(260) MANSFIELD-BERLIN

WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)-SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT) SAID TODAY THE RUSSIANS ARE GOING TO BE DISAPPOINTED IF THEY BELIEVE U.S. POLICY ON BERLIN WILL CHANGE WITH THE ELECTION OF A NEW ADMINISTRATION.

MANSFIELD, THE ASSISTANT SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER, SAID IN A STATEMENT THE SOVIET PROPOSAL THAT THE WESTERN POWERS GET OUT OF BERLIN IN 18 MONTHS MAY HAVE BEEN GEARED TO NEXT YEAR'S U.S. ELECTION.

"IF THE SOVIET UNION HAS OFFERED AN 18 MONTHS EXTENSION IN THE

BELIEF THAT A POSSIBLE CHANGE IN THE AMERICAN ADMINISTRATION MAY OCCUR AND THEREFORE THE SITUATION WILL CHANGE TO THEIR ADVANTAGE THEY ARE MISTAKEN," MANSFIELD SAID.

"BASICALLY, WE ARE ALL AGREED ON BERLIN AND THE WEST IS COMMITTED TO STAY THERE UNTIL A SATISFACTORY SOLUTION IS DEvised, WHETHER IT TAKES 18 MONTHS OR 18 YEARS."

MANSFIELD SAID THAT WHILE THE RECESSED CONFERENCE OF FOREIGN MINISTERS IN GENEVA PRODUCED FEW RESULTS, THE MEETINGS WERE NOT USELESS OR UNIMPORTANT.

"LET'S NOT OVERLOOK THE FACT THAT THE MAY 27 DATE WHICH MR. KHRUSHCHEV SET FOR SOVIET WITHDRAWAL LAST NOVEMBER HAS COME AND GONE WITHOUT UNTOWARD INCIDENT IN OR AROUND BERLIN," HE SAID.

MANSFIELD SAID HE THINKS A SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM MAY LIE "IN THE ONE AREA WHICH I BELIEVE THE PRESENT NEGOTIATIONS HAVE NOT EXPLORED AT GREAT LENGTH AND IN GREAT DETAIL."

"I REFER TO THE POSSIBILITY OF A CHANGE OF STATUS, NOT FOR JUST WEST BERLIN BUT FOR ALL BERLIN," HE ADDED. "I REFER TO THE POSSIBILITY OF REUNIFICATION AND NEUTRALIZATION OF BOTH WEST AND EAST BERLIN UNDER INTERNATIONAL AUSPICES AND GUARANTEE UNTIL SUCH TIME AS GERMANY CAN BE REUNIFIED."

"I WOULD HOPE THAT IF AND WHEN THESE TALKS ARE RESUMED, THAT APPROACH WILL BE FULLY EXPLORED."

RZ647PED

A109DX

(190)

PRECEDENCE DENVER DAY

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., JUNE 20 (AP)-VICE PRESIDENT NIXON SAID TODAY THAT A FAILURE TO HOLD A SUMMIT CONFERENCE BECAUSE OF DISAGREEMENTS AT GENEVA WOULD NOT INEVITABLY MEAN WAR WITH RUSSIA.

NIXON SAID IN SPEAKING AT THE NATIONAL EDITORIAL ASSN. CONVENTION THAT HE IS CONVINCED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL NOT ATTEND A CONFERENCE OF HEADS OF NATIONS AS LONG AS THE SOVIET UNION STICKS TO ANY ULTIMATUM OVER BERLIN.

"FROM ALL THE REPORTS I CAN OBTAIN AND FROM TALKING TO LEADERS FROM SEVERAL NATIONS, I AM SURE THAT THE RUSSIANS DO NOT WANT WAR," NIXON SAID.

"THEY WANT TO SECURE WORLD DOMINATION BY OTHER MEANS AND THEY HAVE BEEN REMARKABLY SUCCESSFUL IN THAT FIELD. THE GREAT DANGER IS THAT WAR WILL COME THROUGH SOME MISCALCULATION OR ACCIDENT THAT WILL SET OFF A REACTION."

DURING A QUESTION-AND-ANSWER INTERVIZL, NIXON WAS ASKED WHO WOULD BE HIS CAMPAIGN MANAGER IN THE 1960 PRESIDENTIAL RACE. HE REPLIED HE HAS "MADE NO DECISION" AS TO WHETHER HE WILL BE A CANDIDATE.

THE VICE PRESIDENT SAID HE BELIEVES FEDERAL ASSISTANCE TO EDUCATION IS NECESSARY IN SOME AREAS, BUT THIS SHOULD BE LIMITED TO CONSTRUCTION.

"CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE SHOULD BE GIVEN ONLY AS LONG AS THE NEED EXISTS," HE SAID.

RW450PMS

A70DX

(280)

BY GORDON G. GAUSS

DENVER, JUNE 20 (AP)-VICE PRESIDENT NIXON SAYS LEADERS OF THE SOVIET UNION MUST TAKE BLAME FOR THE APPARENT COLLAPSE OF THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS' TALKS.

THE LONG DEADLOCK WHICH HAS FORCED A THREE-WEEK RECESS DOES NOT RULE OUT THE POSSIBILITY OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE, NIXON SAID YESTERDAY. NOR DOES IT CHANGE HIS OWN PLANS TO TOUR RUSSIA.

BUT, NIXON TOLD NEWSMEN, "THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR FAILING TO FIND WAYS TO REDUCE THE TENSIONS OF THE WORLD RESTS SQUARELY ON SOVIET LEADERS."



30.24-7443

IN ANY EVENT, EISENHOWER SAW PROSPECTS FOR SUCH A CONFERENCE AS NO BRIGHTER THAN THEY WERE TWO WEEKS AGO.

OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE IN GENEVA, HE SAID, "THERE SEEMS TO BE, IF NOT AN IMPASSE, AN UNREADINESS TO DISCUSS THINGS THAT COULD BE CLASSED AS GIVING US POSSIBILITIES FOR FRUITFUL NEGOTIATIONS AT THE SUMMIT."

THE PRESIDENT REJECTED ANY IDEA THAT HE AND OTHER WESTERN LEADERS SHOULD RUSH INTO CONFERENCE WITH KHRUSHCHEV "EVERY 30 DAYS OR SO" TO TRY TO SETTLE PROBLEMS WHICH THEIR FOREIGN MINISTERS HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO RESOLVE.

EISENHOWER REJECTED ANOTHER TYPE OF CONFERENCE, TOO--A DOMESTIC AFFAIR THAT WOULD BRING MANAGEMENT AND UNION LEADERS IN THE STEEL INDUSTRY TO THE WHITE HOUSE IN AN ATTEMPT TO SETTLE DIFFERENCES AND HEAD OFF A STRIKE.

SEN. STUART SYMINGTON (D-MO) HAS SUGGESTED SUCH A PARLEY. BUT EISENHOWER SAID THE RESULTS COULD BE MORE HURTFUL THAN HELPFUL IF THE GOVERNMENT INTERCEDED DIRECTLY AND TRIED TO APPLY POLITICAL OR OTHER PRESSURE.

IN A CONFERENCE THAT TOUCHED A BROAD ASSORTMENT OF SUBJECTS, THESE WERE SOME OF THE ONES THAT STOOD OUT:

FRANCE--EISENHOWER SAID HE WILL MAKE A SPECIAL EFFORT TO MEET WITH PREMIER CHARLES DE GAULLE TO TALK ABOUT FRENCH-AMERICAN MISUNDERSTANDINGS. HE DID NOT SAY JUST WHAT MATTERS WOULD BE DISCUSSED, BUT DE GAULLE HAS COMPLAINED FRANCE IS BEING DISCRIMINATED AGAINST IN THE DISSEMINATION OF ATOMIC INFORMATION BY THE UNITED STATES AND IN THE DEFENSE ARRANGEMENTS OF THE ATLANTIC PACT.

EISENHOWER SAID IF HE HAD AN ERRAND THAT TOOK HIM TO EUROPE HE WOULD BE WILLING TO VISIT DE GAULLE IN PARIS. HE ALSO SAID DE GAULLE HAS A STANDING INVITATION TO VISIT HIM IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

NAVY PLANE--THE PRESIDENT SAID HE HAD NO NEW INFORMATION ABOUT THE ATTACK BY COMMUNIST JET FIGHTERS ON A U. S. NAVY PATROL PLANE OVER THE SEA OF JAPAN. HE SAID THE IDENTITY OF THE RED PLANES HAD NOT BEEN ESTABLISHED.

STRAUSS--THE NOMINATION OF LEWIS L. STRAUSS TO BE SECRETARY OF COMMERCE HAS BEEN DANGLING IN THE SENATE SINCE JANUARY, AND EISENHOWER WAS ASKED IF HE SAW ANYTHING WRONG WITH LOBBYING BY THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT IN SUPPORT OF STRAUSS.

THE PRESIDENT LAUGHED ALONG WITH EVERYBODY ELSE. THEN HE REPLIED THAT WHEN HIS CONSCIENCE TELLS HIM HE IS RIGHT ABOUT THINGS HE HAS RECOMMENDED TO CONGRESS, HE IS GOING TO USE EVERY INFLUENCE HE CAN TO GET CONGRESS TO SEE THE LIGHT. HE ADDED: "IF THAT'S LOBBYING, I'M GUILTY, BUT I DON'T THINK THERE'S ANYTHING ELSE TO DO ABOUT IT."

WHEAT--WITHOUT MENTIONING THE WORD VETO, EISENHOWER JABBED AT A COMPROMISE BILL THAT WOULD CUT ACREAGE AND BOOST PRICE SUPPORTS FOR WHEAT. "WE STILL DO NOT BELIEVE IN RAISING PRICE SUPPORTS," HE SAID.

IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION, THE PRESIDENT SAID THE PENNSYLVANIA DUTCH IN HIM REBELS AT THE THOUGHT OF DESTROYING THE HUGE WHEAT SURPLUS. AND HE SAID A WORLDWIDE PROGRAM TO GIVE IT AWAY WOULD HURT OTHER WHEAT PRODUCING NATIONS.

OLYMPIC GAMES--THE INTERNATIONAL OLYMPIC COMMITTEE, EISENHOWER SAID, SEEMS TO HAVE "GOTTEN INTO POLITICS RATHER THAN MERELY INTO INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS." THE COMMITTEE VOTED AGAINST LETTING CHINESE NATIONALISTS TAKE PART IN THE 1960 GAMES AS REPRESENTATIVES OF CHINA, SAYING THEY COULD REPRESENT FORMOSA.

SPEECHES--THE PRESIDENT CONFIRMED WORD FROM THE GOP HIGH COMMAND THAT "I SHALL DO WHAT I CAN TO INFORM THE COUNTRY" ON LEGISLATION.

HE HAS RECOMMENDED TO CONGRESS AS "VITALLY IMPORTANT FOR THE WELFARE OF THE COUNTRY." HE SAID, THOUGH, THAT NO SPECIFIC SCHEDULE HAS BEEN WORKED OUT FOR RADIO OR TELEVISION SPEECHES ON BEHALF OF SUCH ITEMS AS FOREIGN AID, A BALANCED BUDGET, AND LOWER SPENDING.

THE SESSION WITH REPORTERS KEPT SWINGING BACK TO THE SUMMIT. IT KEPT PRODUCING FAMILIAR SOUNDING PHRASES. EISENHOWER HIMSELF REMARKED AT ONE POINT HE HAD A FEELING THAT "I'M JUST PUTTING ON AN OLD RECORD."

AND HE REPEATED WHAT HE HAS BEEN SAYING RIGHT ALONG--THAT IF THERE IS TO BE A SUMMIT SESSION THE FOREIGN MINISTERS AT GENEVA MUST PRODUCE ENOUGH PROGRESS ON COLD WAR ISSUES TO GIVE PROMISE THAT NEGOTIATIONS AT THE TOP WILL BE FRUITFUL.

"IF THERE IS ANY KIND OF REASONABLE PROGRESS THAT JUSTIFIES A SUMMIT MEETING," THE PRESIDENT SAID, "WHY OF COURSE I WOULD NEVER DECLINE THE OPPORTUNITY."

THAT WAS A BROADER APPROACH THAN HE TOOK A FORTNIGHT AGO WHEN HE APPEARED TO RULE OUT A SUMMIT SESSION WITHOUT SPECIFIC ADVANCE PROGRESS ON BERLIN.

IN DISCUSSING TERMS FOR A SUMMIT MEETING ON JUNE 3, THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE TOLD NEWSMEN THAT UNTIL A WAY IS FOUND TO REUNITE GERMANY, THERE SHOULD BE A "CLEAR COMMITMENT THAT...WE WILL NOT BE IMPEDED IN EXERCISING OUR RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES WITH RESPECT TO WEST BERLIN."

RUSSIA IS THREATENING THOSE RIGHTS WITH A DEMAND THAT THE WEST PULL ITS MILITARY FORCES OUT OF BERLIN WITHIN A YEAR.

TODAY, EISENHOWER WAS ASKED WHETHER SOVIET FAILURE TO WITHDRAW THE THREAT MEANS HE WOULD NOT GO INTO NEGOTIATIONS AT THE SUMMIT ON SUCH OTHER QUESTIONS AS DISARMAMENT AND SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR TESTS.

THE PRESIDENT REPLIED THAT HE DIDN'T RECALL PUTTING HIS VIEWS OF TWO WEEKS AGO "ON THE BASIS JUST OF BERLIN." HE SAID IF HE DID TIE A SUMMIT CONFERENCE DIRECTLY TO BERLIN, "I DID IT ONLY AS AN EXAMPLE."

HE SAID HE IS "NOT GOING TO INDULGE JUST PREJUDICE AND PRE-CONCEIVED NOTIONS OR ANYTHING ELSE TO SUCH AN EXTENT THAT IT WILL STAND IN THE WAY OF SOME KIND OF TINY STEP TOWARD EASING TENSIONS IN THE WORLD."

EISENHOWER DIDN'T MENTION SOMETHING ELSE HE SAID JUNE 3. HAGERTY LATER POINTED IT OUT--A STATEMENT THAT:

"I DON'T SEE HOW THE HEAD OF ANY SELF-RESPECTING GOVERNMENT CAN GO TO AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IN RESPONSE TO ANY KIND OF THING THAT CAN BE INTERPRETED AS A THREAT."

HAGERTY SAID: "EVEN THOUGH THE PRESIDENT DIDN'T SPECIFICALLY REPEAT THAT STATEMENT TODAY, THAT IS STILL JUST WHERE HE STANDS. HE WON'T GO TO ANY SUMMIT CONFERENCE UNDER ANY THREAT REGARDING BERLIN."

17450P  
A15W (BJ1)  
(560) AMS BUDGET

#### EISENHOWER-SUMMIT

BY JOHN SCALI  
WASHINGTON, JUNE 17 (AP)--PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SERVED NOTICE TODAY HE WOULD REJECT DEMANDS FOR A CRISIS SUMMIT CONFERENCE IF THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS' MEETING COLLAPSES IN DISAGREEMENT.  
THE PRESIDENT ASSAILED AS A FALSE DOCTRINE ANY IDEA THAT THE BIG FOUR LEADERS SHOULD HURRY TO A SUMMIT MEETING "EVERY 30 DAYS OR SO" IF THEIR FOREIGN POLICY CHIEFS FAIL TO SETTLE DIFFICULTY PROBLEMS.



"I THINK THIS IS A STEP BACKWARD IN DIPLOMACY," HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE. "THIS IS LIKE (CZAR) ALEXANDER AND NAPOLEON MEETING ON A RAFT IN A RIVER AND SETTLING THE FATE OF THE ... WORLD."

EISENHOWER LEFT THE WAY OPEN FOR AN EVENTUAL SUMMIT PARLEY WITH RUSSIA'S PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV TO DISCUSS SUCH NON-GERMAN

ISSUES AS DISARMAMENT AND A NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

EVEN THOUGH EISENHOWER DID NOT REITERATE HIS DETERMINATION TO AVOID NEGOTIATING UNDER THREATS, TOP OFFICIALS SAID THE PRESIDENT WOULD OPPOSE SUCH A MEETING UNLESS THE SOVIETS RENOUNCE THEIR AIM OF FORCING THE WEST OUT OF BERLIN.

EISENHOWER'S WORDS SEEMED AIMED NOT ONLY AT THE KREMLIN BUT ALSO AT BRITAIN'S PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN, WHO HAS BEEN THE WEST'S MOST ENTHUSIASTIC ADVOCATE OF A SUMMIT MEETING.

MACMILLAN HAS ARGUED THAT KHRUSHCHEV IS THE ONLY RUSSIAN WORTH TALKING TO. HE HAS ALSO CONTENDED PRIVATELY THAT FAILURE OF THE GENEVA TALKS WOULD MAKE A SUMMIT CONFERENCE ALL THE MORE URGENT TO PREVENT A DANGEROUS MISCALCULATION BY THE RUSSIANS.

EISENHOWER TOOK AIM AT BOTH THESE ARGUMENTS IN DISCUSSING WITH NEWSMEN WHAT HE ACKNOWLEDGED IS AN IMPASSE IN THE GENEVA TALKS.

A NEWSMAN NOTED THERE APPEARED TO BE SOME SENTIMENT IN BRITAIN FOR A TOP LEVEL MEETING IF THE GENEVA SESSIONS SHOULD WIND UP WITHOUT EASING THE SOVIET THREAT TO BERLIN.

EISENHOWER MADE IT CLEAR HE IS STANDING FIRMLY ON HIS ATTITUDE THAT PRIOR PROGRESS MUST BE MADE AT A LOWER LEVEL BEFORE HE WILL GO TO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE. HE PUT IT IN THESE WORDS: "I WANT TO POINT OUT THAT THERE IS DEVELOPING IN THE WORLD A SORT OF AN IDEA THAT HEADS OF GOVERNMENT CAN TAKE THEMSELVES AWAY FROM THEIR NORMAL POSTS AND GO AND DO A LOT OF THINGS THAT CANNOT BE OTHERWISE ACCOMPLISHED."

"NOW EVERYONE KNOWS THAT WHEN YOU ARE DEALING (WITH) A DICTATORSHIP, THERE IS ONLY ONE MAN, FINALLY, THAT CAN MAKE THE DECISION..."

"THEREFORE THERE HAS GROWN UP WHAT I BELIEVE TO BE A FALSE DOCTRINE THAT WE SHOULD REVAMP OUR ENTIRE DIPLOMATIC PROCEDURES IN ORDER TO GO TO A SUMMIT MEETING EVERY 30 DAYS OR SO."

EISENHOWER STRESSED THAT WESTERN GOVERNMENTS GIVE THEIR FOREIGN MINISTERS CONSIDERABLE AUTHORITY TO NEGOTIATE COMPLEX INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS. AS IF REPLYING TO MACMILLAN'S ARGUMENT, HE THEN SAID:

"NOW FROM MY VIEWPOINT, A DICTATOR CAN GIVE HIS FOREIGN MINISTER JUST AS MUCH FLEXIBILITY IN DEALING WITH THESE TROUBLESOME AND TOUGH QUESTIONS AS CAN A DEMOCRACY."

EISENHOWER SAID HE REFUSES TO SUBSCRIBE TO THE VIEW THAT FOREIGN MINISTERS ARE USELESS AND THAT HEADS OF GOVERNMENTS MUST SPEND TIME IN WORKING OUT PROBLEMS THAT HAS BEEN THE RESPONSIBILITY OF SPECIALISTS IN THE PAST.

IN SEVERAL NEWS CONFERENCES PREVIOUSLY, EISENHOWER HAD INDICATED HE GENERALLY AGREED WITH THE MACMILLAN THESIS THAT KHRUSHCHEV IS THE SOLE BOSS IN RUSSIA AND THUS IN THE FINAL ANALYSIS THE ONLY ONE WORTH TALKING TO.

IN REPLY TO ANOTHER QUESTION EISENHOWER CREATED SOME UNCERTAINTY ABOUT WHETHER HE WOULD TALK ABOUT OTHER ISSUES IF THE RUSSIANS REFUSE TO BACK DOWN FROM THEIR DEMAND FOR AN END TO FOUR-POWER CONTROL OF BERLIN.

A REPORTER RECALLED THAT EISENHOWER HAS SAID NO SELF-RESPECTING HEAD OF A GOVERNMENT COULD NEGOTIATE WITH THE SOVIETS UNDER THE KIND OF ULTIMATUM THE KREMLIN HAS IMPOSED IN BERLIN.

DID THIS MEAN, THE NEWSMAN ASKED, THAT EISENHOWER WOULD REFUSE TO DISCUSS NON-GERMAN ISSUES SUCH AS DISARMAMENT AT A SUMMIT?

"IF THERE IS ANY KIND OF REASONABLE PROGRESS THAT JUSTIFIES A SUMMIT MEETING, WHY, OF COURSE, I WOULD NEVER DECLINE THE OPPORTUNITY," EISENHOWER SAID.

AUTHORITIES FAMILIAR WITH HIS VIEWS SAID THEY WERE SURE EISENHOWER DID NOT MEAN TO IMPLY HE WOULD IN EFFECT SWEEP THE BERLIN DEADLOCK

UNDER THE RUG AND AGREE TO A SUMMIT MEETING ON DISARMAMENT WHILE THE SOVIETS KEPT ALIVE THEIR THREAT TO OUST THE ALLIES FROM BERLIN.

ANY SUCH EISENHOWER DECISION, THEY SAID, WOULD BE INTERPRETED AROUND THE WORLD AS INDIRECTLY GIVING IN TO SOVIET THREATS.

CZ337PED

A147WX (CONFUSED HISTORIAN)

(110) IKE-CONFUSION

WASHINGTON, JUNE 17 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SOUNDED LIKE A CONFUSED HISTORIAN TO SOME REPORTERS AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY.

BUT IT WAS THESE REPORTERS WHO WERE CONFUSED.

EISENHOWER WAS SAYING THAT HEADS OF GOVERNMENT SHOULD NOT FOREVER BE TAKING OVER THE WORK OF THEIR FOREIGN MINISTERS. HE EXPLAINED: "THIS IS LIKE ALEXANDER AND NAPOLEON MEETING ON A RAFT IN A RIVER AND SETTLING THE FATE OF THE THEN WORLD."

NOW, ALEXANDER TO MOST PEOPLE MEANS ALEXANDER THE GREAT, KING OF MACEDON, WHO DIED ABOUT 2,100 YEARS BEFORE NAPOLEON WAS BORN. HOW COULD THEY MEET ON A RAFT, OR ANYWHERE?

ACTUALLY, EISENHOWER WAS TALKING ABOUT THE JUNE 25, 1807, MEETING BETWEEN THE FRENCH EMPEROR AND CZAR ALEXANDER I OF RUSSIA.

CR1203AFD

A138WX

(160) IKE-BOMB

WASHINGTON, JUNE 17 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SAID TODAY HE HAS HAD A PERSONAL LOOK AT A HYDROGEN BOMB BUT "THEY WON'T LET ME" WATCH A TEST OF THE WEAPON.

EISENHOWER MADE THE REMARKS AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE. IT WAS BROUGHT OUT LATER THAT SECRET SERVICE AGENTS RESPONSIBLE FOR HIS SECURITY HAVE REQUESTED HIM NOT TO WITNESS H-BOMB TESTS.

AT THE NEWS CONFERENCE, A REPORTER ASKED THE PRESIDENT WHETHER HE EVER HAD SEEN AN H-BOMB.

"OH YES," EISENHOWER REPLIED. "OH, I HAVE SEEN THE BOMB, I HAVE SEEN ALL THE WEAPONS, I JUST HAVEN'T BEEN ALLOWED TO GO TO THE TESTS."

PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY WAS ASKED LATER WHAT EISENHOWER MEANT.

HAGERTY SAID EISENHOWER'S REMARKS WAS PARTLY HUMOROUS, BUT THAT THE SECRET SERVICE HAS REQUESTED HIM NOT TO GO ON THE SCENE TO WITNESS A TEST.

THAT REQUEST, SAID HAGERTY, "DEALS WITH BOTH SECURITY AND SAFETY" --THE PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL SAFETY.

"I AM NOT GOING TO SPELL IT OUT," HAGERTY ADDED WHEN ASKED FOR ELABORATION.

RZ1129PED

A18

AMS BUDGET (450)

NIGHT LEAD BIG FOUR

BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

GENEVA, JUNE 17 (AP)-SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO GAVE A COOL RECEPTION TODAY TO THE WEST'S LAST DITCH COMPROMISE PLAN FOR ENDING THE BERLIN CRISIS. THEN AT HIS REQUEST THE WEST GRANTED HIM 24 HOURS TO MAKE MOSCOW'S FINAL REPLY.

U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AND HIS FELLOW WESTERN MINISTERS STOOD READY TO ARRANGE AN EARLY SUMMIT MEETING IF PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV AGREES TO WHAT THEY REGARD AS A REASONABLE COMPROMISE.

THEIR SPOKESMEN DISCLOSED THE WESTERN POWERS DECLARED THEIR READINESS TO HAVE GERMAN PERSONNEL OPERATE CHECKPOINTS ON WEST BERLIN'S SUPPLY LINES. THIS IS A RETREAT. IT IS AN OFFER TO ACCEPT DEALINGS WITH COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN AUTHORITIES MORE OR LESS AS AGENTS OF THE SOVIET UNION. OTHERWISE THE PLAN WOULD GUARANTEE EXISTING

1959



A QUESTION-AND-ANSWER PERIOD AND TWO RECEPTIONS GAVE YOUNG REPUBLICANS ATTENDING THEIR NATIONAL CONVENTION A CHANCE TO MEET NIXON AND ASK HIM WHAT THEY WANTED. A FIVE-MINUTE STANDING OVATION WAS GIVEN THE VICE PRESIDENT WHEN HE HAD FINISHED.

NIXON WENT TO THE NATIONAL EDITORIAL ASSN. CONVENTION IN COLORADO SPRINGS TODAY. IN THE AFTERNOON, HE PLANNED AN APPEARANCE AT THE NATIONAL AAU TRACK AND FIELD MEET IN BOULDER, COLO.

MORE THAN 1,000 YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN ARE ATTENDING THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF YOUNG REPUBLICANS CONVENTION WHICH WINDS UP TONIGHT. TODAY'S AGENDA CALLED FOR ELECTION OF NEW OFFICERS, CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTIONS AND PICKING A BEAUTY QUEEN.

IN HIS TALK NIXON PREDICTED A REPUBLICAN ELECTION LANDSLIDE NEXT YEAR, PRINCIPALLY DUE TO THE U.S. STANDARD OF LIVING. HE SAID PROGRAMS URGED BY THE DEMOCRATIC ADVISORY COUNCIL WOULD TOP PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S BUDGET BY 110-114 BILLION DOLLARS OVER A FIVE-YEAR PERIOD. "IF THIS IS THE BEST THEY CAN DO," SAID NIXON, "THEY HAVE NOTHING TO OFFER YOUTH OR ANYONE ELSE."

THE DEMOCRATS, HE SAID, ARE "A TIRED, WORNOUT PARTY." HE PREDICTED THAT DEMOCRATS FROM BIG CITIES AND BIG STATES IN THE NORTH AND WEST WILL CONTROL NOMINATION OF THE NEXT DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE.

SN351AMS A NM

A34

(360)

FRENCH-NATO

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

GENEVA, JUNE 20 (AP)--A HIGH FRENCH OFFICIAL SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES COULD HAVE MISSILES BASES AND ATOMIC STOCKPILES ON FRENCH TERRITORY IF FRANCE WAS GIVEN POICE IN THE DECISION ON USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD.

THIS OFFICIAL, WHO ASKED NOT TO BE FURTHER IDENTIFIED; SAID FRANCE HAS CLARIFIED ITS POSITION ON DECISIVE ISSUES WITHIN THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE INVOLVING FRANCE, BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE MADE A BID LAST FALL FOR FULL PARTICIPATION IN WESTERN DECISIONS ON A GLOBAL SCALE ALONG WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN OF BRITAIN.

MORE RECENTLY REPORTS FROM PARIS AND ELSEWHERE, SOME EMANATING FROM PREMIER MICHEL DEBRE, HAVE LINKED ALLIED SUPPORT FOR FRANCE IN ALGERIA TO A SOLUTION OF THE NATO NUCLEAR MISSILES PROBLEM. IT HAS ALSO BEEN REPORTED THAT FRANCE WAS INSISTING ON BEING SUPPLIED WITH NUCLEAR WEAPONS BY THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN.

THE HIGHLY PLACED INFORMANT WHO DISCUSSED THIS CRITICAL PROBLEM HERE TODAY SAID ACCESS TO ATOMIC ARMS AND THE ALGERIAN PROBLEM ARE NOT INVOLVED IN THE NEW UNDERSTANDING WHICH FRANCE WOULD LIKE TO MAKE WITH ITS CHIEF ALLIES.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT RECOGNIZES, HE SAID, THAT CONGRESS HAS FORBIDDEN THE U.S. PRESIDENT TO TURN OVER NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO OTHER COUNTRIES AND THIS IS A REALITY WITH WHICH FRANCE WILL HAVE TO LIVE, ALTHOUGH FRANCE DOES NOT LIKE IT.

THE HEART OF THE PRESENT PROBLEM, ACCORDING TO THIS INFORMANT, IS THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT'S BELIEF THAT IT SHOULD HAVE AN EQUAL VOICE WITH BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES IN MILITARY AND POLITICAL DECISIONS.

PARTICULARLY, HE SAID, FRANCE WANTS TO PARTICIPATE WITH THE UNITED STATES IN ANY DECISION ON USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN WAR ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD. IT WOULD EXCEPT A DECISION BY THE UNITED

30.24-7475

STATES TO USE NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN SELF-DEFENSE.

ASKED WHETHER PRESIDENT DEGAULLE HAS IN MIND SOME NEW ALLIED MACHINERY FOR ASSURING FRENCH PARTICIPATION, HE SAID IT WAS NOT A MATTER OF NEW MACHINERY BUT OF ASSURANCE OF CONSULTATION AND JOINT DECISION--EVEN WHEN THE DECISION HAD TO BE MADE WITHIN A VERY BRIEF TIME, PERHAPS BY TELEPHONE.

IF THIS FRENCH REQUIREMENT WERE MET, HE SAID, THE UNITED STATES WOULD FIND NO DIFFICULTY IN ARRANGING FOR MISSILE BASES AND THE STOCKPILING OF ATOMIC WEAPONS ON FRENCH TERRITORY. A NATO SUMMIT MEETING IN DECEMBER 1957 DECIDED THAT THE ALLIANCE SHOULD HAVE NUCLEAR MISSILES BASES IN EUROPE.

7R230PED

A22

PARIS, JUNE 20 (AP)--IF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN AND PRESIDENT DE GAULLE ARE GOING TO HAVE A WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING THEY'LL HAVE TO HURRY. DE GAULLE HAS A BUSY SCHEDULE AHEAD.

THERE HAS BEEN SPECULATION IN LONDON AND WASHINGTON THAT SUCH A MEETING MIGHT BE USEFUL WHILE THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS ARE IN RECESS.

DE GAULLE GOES TO ITALY NEXT WEEK ON AN OFFICIAL VISIT THAT ENDS JUNE 28. ON JULY 2 HE LEAVES FOR MADAGASCAR TO ATTEND A MEETING OF THE HEADS OF NATIONS IN THE FRENCH COMMUNITY.

THE FRENCH PRESIDENT WILL RETURN TO PARIS JULY 10 OR 11--JUST TWO OR THREE DAYS BEFORE THE FOREIGN MINISTERS RENEW THEIR TALKS IN GENEVA JULY 13.

7R135PED

A162WX (CQ) (ADV)

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 PM EST SATURDAY JUNE 20--NOTE DATE (380) RADIOACTIVE WASTE

BY ED CREAGH

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)--A SCIENTIFIC STUDY GROUP SAID TODAY LOW-LEVEL ATOMIC WASTES CAN BE DUMPED AT 28 POINTS OFF THE ATLANTIC AND GULF COASTS IF CERTAIN SAFEGUARDS ARE TAKEN.

THE PROPOSED DUMPING AREAS ARE CLOSE TO SOME OF THE COUNTRY'S MOST HEAVILY POPULATED REGIONS, INCLUDING THE NEW YORK-DELAWARE BAY AREA AND BOSTON.

THE ARC OF SUPPOSEDLY SAFE AREAS SWINGS FROM BOSTON DOWN AROUND THE TIP OF FLORIDA AND INTO THE GULF OF MEXICO NEAR CORPUS CHRISTI, TEX.

IN ITS REPORT TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, THE PANEL OF SPECIALISTS EMPHASIZED THAT ITS STUDY CONCERNED ONLY THE RADIOACTIVE LEFTOVERS FROM SUCH PLACES AS HOSPITALS AND RESEARCH LABORATORIES. THIS ATOMIC TRASH IS FAR LESS DANGEROUS THAN THE RESIDUE FROM BOMB PLANTS OR NUCLEAR POWER REACTORS.

THE PANEL, HEADED BY DAYTON E. CARRITT OF JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY, WAS DRAWN FROM THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AND THE NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL.

IT BASED ITS CONCLUSIONS ON THE PRESENT PRACTICE OF DUMPING WASTE FAR OUT AT SEA IN 55-GALLON STEEL DRUMS. THESE ARE INTENDED TO CONFINE THE WASTE FOR AT LEAST 10 YEARS, OR UNTIL IT LOSES ITS POTENTIAL DEADLINESS.

"REPORTS ARE ALSO IN PROGRESS ON THE DISPOSAL OF LOW-LEVEL WASTES INTO PACIFIC COASTAL WATERS AND ON RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL FROM NUCLEAR-POWERED SHIPS," THE SCIENTISTS SAID.

THEY SAID THAT BEFORE ANY SHALLOW WATER DUMPING IS STARTED THERE SHOULD BE:



1. SURVEYS OF THE AREA TO DETERMINE WATER CIRCULATION AND INVOLVING MICROSCOPIC SEA ORGANISMS WHICH COULD BE AFFECTED BY RADIO-ACTIVITY AND TRANSMIT IT TO HUMANS.

2. PERIODIC MONITORING OF THE BACKGROUND, OR GENERAL, RADIATION LEVEL IN THE AREAS.

THESE AREAS INCLUDE:

BOSTON--TWO EXPLOSIVES DUMPING AREAS, ONE NOW USED BY CROSSROADS MARINE DISPOSAL CO., 22 MILES FROM THE CITY.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.--THREE AREAS 10 TO 45 MILES FROM THE COAST.

NEW YORK-DELAWARE BAY--THREE AREAS, ONE OF THEM 22 1/2 MILES FROM ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., THE OTHERS 70 AND 118 MILES FROM FIVE FATHOM BANK LIGHTSHIP.

NORFOLK, VA.--THREE AREAS, THE CLOSEST TO SHORE 37 MILES FROM LITTLE CREEK.

MOREHEAD CITY-BEAUFORT, N. C.--22 MILES FROM MOREHEAD CITY.

SAVANNAH, GA.--THREE AREAS, THE NEAREST 20 MILES FROM THE NORTH EDISTO RIVER.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.--TWO AREAS, ONE 18 MILES FROM MAYPORT, THE OTHER 83 MILES FROM THE SAME COMMUNITY.

FLORIDA PENINSULA--2 MILES EAST OF PORT EVERGLADES SEA BUOY.

PENSACOLA-MOBILE BAY--THREE AREAS, TWO OF THEM ABOUT 35 MILES FROM PENSACOLA.

NEW ORLEANS--THREE AREAS--26, 30 AND 36 MILES OFFSHORE.

GALVESTON, TEX.--THREE AREAS--19, 21 AND 100 MILES OFF THE COAST.

CORPUS CHRISTI--65 MILES FROM ARANSAS PASS.

END ADVANCE FOR 530 PM EST SATURDAY JUNE 20--SENT JUNE 19  
CZ/GG109AED

B25WX

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST., TODAY  
BY TEX EASLEY

(620) ASSOCIATED PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE  
(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)--TEXAS COASTAL CONGRESSMEN, AFTER READING THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES-NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL REPORT ON ATOMIC WASTE DISPOSAL, TODAY RENEVED THEIR PROTESTS AGAINST THE PROPOSED DUMPING OF SUCH MATERIAL IN THE GULF OF MEXICO.

BEFORE THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION IS AN APPLICATION BY INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL CORP., HOUSTON, FOR AUTHORITY TO DROP CONCRETE AND STEEL DRUMS OF LOW-LEVEL RADIO-ACTIVE WASTES INTO THE GULF ABOUT 180 MILES SOUTH AND EAST OF GALVESTON WHERE DEPTHS ARE 6,000 FEET.

PROMPTED BY A COMMISSION EXAMINER'S INTERMEDIATE DECISION TO GRANT THE APPLICATION--WHICH WOULD HAVE BECOME EFFECTIVE TODAY EXCEPT FOR A PROTEST BY HARRIS COUNTY (HOUSTON) AND THE SPORTSMEN'S CLUBS OF TEXAS, THE TEXAS CONGRESSMEN LAST WEEK HELD A TWO-HOUR CONFERENCE WITH THREE COMMISSION OFFICIALS. AFTERWARDS THEY ASKED THE COMMISSION TO HOLD UP ISSUANCE OF A PERMIT.

REP. JOE KILGORE (D), WHOSE DISTRICT EXTENDS FROM THE MOUTH OF THE RIO GRANDE UP ALONG PADRE ISLAND, SAID THE ACADEMY-COUNCIL REPORT "RAISES MORE QUESTIONS WITH ME THAN IT SETTLES. IT POINTS OUT THAT THERE IS A LACK OF INFORMATION ABOUT THE CIRCULATION OF COASTAL WATERS, ESPECIALLY BOTTOM WATERS."

REP. JOHN YOUNG (D) OF CORPUS CHRISTI, FEARFUL THAT THE SHRIMP AND FISH INDUSTRY WOULD SUFFER IF THE PUBLIC GETS AN IDEA THAT THESE SEA PRODUCTS ARE CONTAMINATED, SAID:

"I AM NOT SURPRISED AT THIS LATEST RECOMMENDATION OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AND THE NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL. IT PROPOSES AN EXPANSION OF THIS DUMPING PROGRAM. HERE WE WERE TOLD ONLY LAST WEEK BY THE AEC THAT THEY CONTEMPLATED DUMPING ONLY FAR OUT AT SEA AND IN DEPTHS OF A THOUSAND FATHOMS OR MORE. NOW THIS REPORT SUGGESTS POINTS ONLY 19 MILES OFF SHORE AND IN SHALLOW

WATERS."

REP. CLARK THOMPSON (D) OF THE GALVESTON DISTRICT, WHO CALLED THE CONFERENCE WITH THE AEC OFFICIALS, NOTED THAT ONE OF THE ACADEMY-COUNCIL REPORT'S SUGGESTED DUMPING AREAS WAS ONLY 21 MILES FROM GALVESTON WHERE THE WATER IS ONLY ABOUT 45 FEET DEEP.

"SOME OF THE PLACES NAMED IN THE REPORT," THOMPSON ADDED, "ARE THE BEST FISHING GROUNDS IN THE GULF. THEY POINT TO UNCERTAINTY ABOUT MOVEMENT OF TIDES AND CURRENTS."

"THERE SEEMS TO BE A LACK OF COORDINATION ON THE PART OF ALL THESE AGENCIES CONCERNED WITH THE PROBLEMS. I AM MORE CONVINCED THAN EVER THAT THERE SHOULD BE NO PERMIT ISSUED FOR A DUMPING PROGRAM ON THE BASIS OF THE KNOWLEDGE NOW ON HAND."

REP. JACK BROOKS (D) OF BEAUMONT, WHO REPRESENTS THE REMAINDER OF THE TEXAS COAST, OBSERVED THAT THE REPORT CONTAINED "ONLY SUGGESTIONS AS TO POSSIBLE SITES WERE LOW LEVEL RADIO ACTIVE WASTE MATERIALS," SUCH AS BROKEN TEST TUBES AND SWABS FROM HOSPITALS, MIGHT BE DUMPED.

"THERE WILL HAVE TO BE A GREAT DEAL MORE STUDY AND UNQUALIFIED ASSURANCES FROM RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES BEFORE I AM SATISFIED THIS WOULD BE A SAFE AND FEASIBLE PROGRAM," HE DECLARED.

BROOKS SAID HE HAS ASKED SPECIAL REPORTS ON THE SUBJECT FROM NOT ONLY THE AEC BUT THE OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH, THE HYDROGRAPHER OF THE NAVY, ARMY ENGINEERS, AND THE WEATHER BUREAU.

THE TWO HOUSTON CONGRESSMEN JOINED IN THE PROTESTS.

"AS A MEMBER OF THE JOINT HOUSE-SENATE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE," SAID REP. ALBERT THOMAS (D), "I AM PROTESTING AGAINST PROPOSALS SUCH AS CONTAINED IN THE REPORT UNTIL WE KNOW A LOT MORE ABOUT THE SUBJECT THAN WE KNOW NOW."

REP. BOB CASEY (D) SAID HE HAD NOT STUDIED THE REPORT CLOSELY, BUT THAT IT APPEARED TO HAVE "SOME VERY CLARING INCONSISTENCIES."

SEN. RALPH YARBOROUGH (D-TEX) SAID HE BELIEVES "THERE ARE A GREAT MANY QUESTIONS OF SAFETY WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN SUITABLY ANSWERED AND, UNTIL THEY ARE, I NOT ONLY OPPOSE THE ADDITION OF NEW DUMPING SITES, I BELIEVE WE SHOULD NOT POLLUTE OUR GULF WATERS AT ALL."

BU4WE244PED

A129LH  
LA OUT

FIRST LEAD

LAS VEGAS, NEV., JUNE 20 (AP)--AMERICAN SCIENTISTS MADE THEIR FIRST FULL SCALE TEST OF AN ATOMIC ROCKET ENGINE TODAY AND DESCRIBED IT AS COMPLETELY SUCCESSFUL.

THE BIG ENGINE, MOUNTED ON A RAILROAD FLATCAR, WAS TESTED FOR FOUR MINUTES.

NEWSMEN WATCHING FROM TWO MILES AWAY NOTICED ONLY FOUR WHITE PLUMES OF SMOKE LOFTING 1,500-FEET UPWARDS WHEN FOUR JATO BOTTLES WERE SPRAYED OVER THE HYDROGEN GAS PASSING OUT THE NOZZLE OF THE REACTOR. THIS WAS DONE SO THAT TWO AIR FORCE BOMBERS HOVERING OVERHEAD COULD TRACK THE GAS AND TAKE AIR SAMPLES.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SAID THAT THE ENGINE WAS TESTED SPECIFICALLY TO VERIFY THE RADIO ACTIVITY GIVEN OFF AND THE EFFECT OF HEAT ON THE ENGINE.

THE SCENE WAS JACKASS FLATS ON THE NEVADA ATOMIC PROVING GROUNDS NORTHWEST OF HERE.

THE ENGINE IS CALLED THE KIWI-A, AFTER THE FLIGHTLESS NEW ZEALAND BIRD. LIKE THE BIRD, THE ENGINE CAN'T FLY AND WAS NEVER INTENDED TO. IT IS FAR TOO HEAVY AND BULKY TO FIT INTO A ROCKET. BUT LESSONS LEARNED WITH THIS ONE ARE EXPECTED TO HELP MAKE FUTURE ENGINES SUITABLE FOR POWERING GIANT ROCKETS THROUGH SPACE.

NUCLEAR ROCKETS WON'T HAVE THE TREMENDOUS THRUST TO BLAST A ROCKET INTO SPACE. THEY'RE DESTINED TO TAKE OVER AFTER THE ROCKET IS BLASTED ALOFT CONVENTIONALLY. THEN, THEY ARE EXPECTED TO PUSH MUCH FASTER AND



30.24-7477

FARTHER WITH LESS FUEL THAN CONVENTIONAL PROPULSION SYSTEMS. ONLY HITCH IN TODAY'S TEST CAME WHEN THE REACTOR FIRST BEGAN WORKING. SMOKE SHOWED IN THE EXHAUST WHEN IT WASN'T SUPPOSED TO. SCIENTISTS SHUT IT DOWN FOR 10 MINUTES, DECIDED IT MUST HAVE COME FROM OVERHEATED INSULATION, AND STARTED UP AGAIN FOR THE FULL FIRING. THE FLAT CAR WAS CONTAINED IN A CONCRETE CELL. EXPERTS SAID THEY DOUBT THAT RADIOACTIVITY ESCAPED INTO THE AIR. TWO B47S FLEW OVERHEAD DURING THE TEST, GATHERING AIR SAMPLES. BUT THE CELL AREA WAS EXPECTED TO BE CONTAMINATED. IT WILL NOT BE ENTERED FOR TWO OR THREE WEEKS.

THE KIWI-A WILL BE TESTED FURTHER IN COMING WEEKS. IT WAS BUILT TO SEE IF THE TYPE OF NUCLEAR REACTION NEEDED FOR ROCKET PROPULSION COULD BE SUSTAINED, AND WHETHER THE MATERIALS INVOLVED WOULD WITHSTAND THE HEAT AND PRESSURES GENERATED BY A NUCLEAR ENGINE.

DETAILS OF THE ENGINE'S OPERATION WERE NOT DISCLOSED. IT IS KNOWN THAT SCIENTISTS AT THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION'S LOS ALAMOS, N.M., SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY ARE WORKING ON FOLLOW-UP ENGINES CALLED DUMBO AND CONDOR, BELIEVED TO BE FLYING VERSIONS. KIWI-A IS THE FIRST OF THE SERIES IN WHAT IS KNOWN AS PROJECT ROVER. (NO PICKUP)

EV639PPD NM

B61 (4)

(270) NIGHT LEAD

GATLINBURG, TENN., JUNE 20 (AP)-YOU WOULD BE 80 TIMES SAFER NEAR AN ATOMIC PLANE CRASH THAN YOU WOULD BE ON A CROWDED HIGHWAY IN YOUR AUTOMOBILE, A NUCLEAR SCIENTIST SAID TODAY.

THE REPORT ON TESTS WITH A NUCLEAR POWER PLANT DESIGNED FOR AN AIRPLANE WAS PRESENTED AT THE CONCLUDING MEETING OF THE HEALTH PHYSICS SOCIETY BY DR. C. C. GAMERTSFELDER OF CINCINNATI.

GAMERTSFELDER IS WITH GENERAL ELECTRIC'S AIRCRAFT NUCLEAR PROPULSION DEPARTMENT, AND HAS BEEN ENGAGED IN EXPERIMENTS AT OAK RIDGE (TENN.) NATIONAL LABORATORY AND THE NATIONAL REACTOR TESTING STATION AT IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO.

THE HEALTH PHYSICS SOCIETY IS A NATIONAL GROUP COMPOSED OF PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS SPECIALIZING IN THE STUDY AND TREATMENT OF ATOMIC RADIATION AS IT AFFECTS HEALTH.

GAMERTSFELDER SAID ATOMIC-POWERED AIRPLANES WILL BE NO MORE DANGEROUS TO THE PUBLIC THAN "OTHER HAZARDS ROUTINELY ACCEPTED" AS PART OF DAY-TO-DAY LIFE.

OTHER FINDINGS INCLUDED:

1. THE MAIN SOURCE OF HAZARD WOULD BE IN A CRASH "VIOLENT ENOUGH TO MAKE THE JET ENGINES INCAPABLE OF REMOVING AFTERHEAT," RESULTING IN THE RELEASE OF HARMFUL PRODUCTS OF ATOMIC FISSION INTO THE AIR.

2. EVEN IN SUCH A CRASH, THE CHANCES OF RESIDENTS IN THE CRASH AREA GETTING A LETHAL DOSE OF RADIATION WOULD BE 80 TIMES LESS THAN THEIR CHANCES OF BEING KILLED IN AN AUTO ACCIDENT.

3. IF THE CRASH WERE IN A DENSELY POPULATED AREA, THE NUMBERS OF PERSONS WHO MIGHT RECEIVE DAMAGING RADIATION DOSES WOULD BE NO GREATER THAN THOSE WHO MIGHT BE KILLED IN A COMMERCIAL AIRPLANE ACCIDENT OR SIMILAR MAJOR DISASTER.

4. TO INCREASE SAFETY, NUCLEAR-POWERED AIRCRAFT COULD BE REQUIRED TO FLY IN CORRIDORS OF AIR 50 MILES WIDE, OVER SPARSELY POPULATED AREAS OR OVER WATER. LANDING OR ASCENDING AIRCRAFT COULD FLY ON NON-ATOMIC CHEMICAL FUEL UNTIL THEY REACH THESE CORRIDORS.

(EDS: ABOVE SHOULD BE SLUGGED NIGHT LEAD)

JG742PED

A90WX

(260) ARGUS-BLACKOUT

WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)-IF A NUCLEAR BOMB WERE EXPLODED HIGH OVER THE INDIAN OCEAN IT COULD DISRUPT SHORTWAVE COMMUNICATIONS AROUND MOSCOW. A SIMILAR BLAST OVER THE TIP OF SOUTH AMERICA COULD DO THE SAME THING IN THE WASHINGTON AREA.

PENTAGON RESEARCHERS SAY THIS APPEARS TO BE THE MOST IMPORTANT MILITARY FINDING FROM THE HIGH ALTITUDE NUCLEAR TESTS CONDUCTED BY THE UNITED STATES LAST SUMMER OVER THE SOUTH ATLANTIC.

DR. HERBERT F. YORK, DIRECTOR OF DEFENSE RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING, AND DR. FRANK SHELTON, TECHNICAL DIRECTOR OF THE PENTAGON'S SPECIAL WEAPONS PROJECT, DISCUSSED THE FINDINGS IN HEAVILY CENSORED TESTIMONY RELEASED TONIGHT BY THE HOUSE SPACE COMMITTEE.

FROM THE HIGH ALTITUDE TESTS, DUBBED PROJECT ARGUS, SCIENTISTS VERIFIED THAT A BAND OF RADIATION ENCIRCLING THE GLOBE WILL PRODUCE RADIO STATIC AT CERTAIN LOCATIONS ON THE GROUND.

"... THIS STATIC," YORK SAID, "CAN INTERFERE WITH RADIO COMMUNICATION... AND IT CAN ALSO INTERFERE IN PRINCIPLE WITH RADAR OPERATION."

"IF THIS EFFECT WAS LARGE," HE ADDED, "IT WAS OBVIOUSLY OF GREAT MILITARY INTEREST AND SOMETHING WE WANTED TO PROTECT (CENSORED). WHILE WE AREN'T THERE YET, WE ARE GETTING CLOSER. THAT IS WITH REGARD TO THE WORLDWIDE EFFECT." THERE WAS NO ELABORATION.

SHELTON SAID LONG DISTANCE COMMUNICATIONS EFFECTS STILL ARE SOMEWHAT SPECULATIVE. HE SAID TO INTERFERE WITH SHORTWAVE AT MOSCOW A BOMB OF MUCH GREATER INTENSITY THAN THE ONE TESTED LAST SUMMER WOULD BE NEEDED. THE POWER OF THE ARGUS BOMB WAS DELETED FROM THE TESTIMONY.

ALSO CENSORED OUT WAS YORK'S REPLY TO A QUESTION AS TO WHAT EFFECT A HIGH ALTITUDE NUCLEAR SHOT COULD HAVE ON INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAS INDICATED PREVIOUSLY, HOWEVER, THAT PROJECT ARGUS DIDN'T PROVIDE A SOLUTION TO MISSILE DEFENSE.

RZ655PEDNM

A8WX(CQ)

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY

(470) AMS BUDGET

MILITARY AID

BY LEWIS GULICK

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)-SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL H. MCELROY SAYS HE EXPECTS NATIONALIST CHINA AND SOUTH KOREA TO FIGHT ON THEIR OWN AGAINST ANY RED ATTACK WITHOUT U.S. HELP UNLESS THE ONSLAUGHT IS LARGE-SCALE.

"IF THE BATTLES GOT BIG, WE WOULD HAVE TO SUPPORT THEM," MCELROY SAID IN TESTIMONY MADE PUBLIC TODAY.

"BUT UNTIL THEY DID GET BIG," HE SAID, "THEY WOULD BE ABLE TO CARRY THEIR OWN SCRAP WITH THEIR OWN FORCES, TO FIGHT FOR THEIR OWN REAL ESTATE, AND I THINK PEOPLE ALWAYS FIGHT BEST WHEN THEY ARE FIGHTING FOR THEIR OWN HOMELAND."

THE CENSORED TRANSCRIPT OF WHAT MCELROY AND OTHERS TOLD THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE IN CLOSED SESSION OVER THE PAST TWO MONTHS DEALT WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S REQUEST FOR NEARLY FOUR BILLION DOLLARS IN FOREIGN AID FOR THE COMING YEAR. THAT INCLUDES \$1,600,000,000 (B) FOR ARMS HELP TO BUTTRESS THE FREE WORLD, INCLUDING NATIONALIST CHINA AND SOUTH KOREA.

WALTER S. ROBERTSON, THE RETIRING ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE FAR EAST, REPORTED MORE UNREST INSIDE RED CHINA NOW THAN EVER BEFORE IN THE COUNTRY'S HISTORY.

ROBERTSON EXPRESSED DOUBT THAT THE PEIPING REGIME CAN BE OVERTHROWN UNLESS ITS ARMY REBELS. BUT HE SAID "IT IS NOT AT ALL VISIONARY TO HOPE THAT THIS UNREST MAY GET TO THE POINT THAT THE ARMY MIGHT WELL GO OVER TO THE SIDE OF THE PEOPLE."



ADM. HARRY D. FELT, PACIFIC FLEET COMMANDER, TOLD THE COMMITTEE THE UNITED STATES AND ITS FAR EAST ALLIES HAVE SUFFICIENT ATOMIC PUNCH TO DETER THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS FROM ANY KING-SIZED WAR. HE SAID THAT IN CASE OF GENERAL WAR, FORCES UNDER HIS FAR-FLUNG PACIFIC COMMAND FROM THE SEA OF JAPAN TO THE INDIAN OCEAN COULD MAKE A GOOD SHOWING DESPITE THE COMMUNISTS' NUMERICAL SUPERIORITY. "WE HAVE ATOMIC DELIVERY CAPABILITY IN OUR CARRIER AIRCRAFT, AND ALSO IN OUR 5TH AND 13TH AIR FORCE AIRCRAFT WHICH ARE DEPLOYED OUT IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC," HE SAID. THE 5TH AIR FORCE IS BASED IN JAPAN AND THE 13TH AIR FORCE IN THE PHILIPPINES. FELT ALSO MENTIONED THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND BASED ON GUAM.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE HAS VOTED FOR A FOREIGN AID BILL A QUARTER BILLION DOLLARS LARGER THAT EISENHOWER SOUGHT. IT STRESSED LONG-TERM LOANS RATHER THAN ARMS AID. THE HOUSE PASSED A 3 1/2 BILLION DOLLAR BILL LIKEWISE EMPHASIZING ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE OVER MILITARY.

ADMINISTRATION WITNESSES ACKNOWLEDGED UNDER SENATORIAL QUESTIONING THAT SOME OF THE LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES ARE TRYING TO MAINTAIN LARGER ARMED FORCES THAN THE UNITED STATES THINKS THEY SHOULD HAVE.

PAKISTAN, WHICH PROFESSES FEAR OF NEIGHBORING INDIA, AND LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES WERE PROMINENTLY NAMED IN THIS CONNECTION.

SEN. FRANK CHURCH (D-IDAHO) SAID THE 10-SQUARE-MILE BRAZILIAN ISLAND OF FERNANDO DE NORONHA HAS BECOME THE MOST EXPENSIVE REAL ESTATE OF ALL TIME BECAUSE OF A U.S. PLEDGE OF AID TO BRAZIL FOR ~~FIVE~~ <sup>FOUR</sup> YEAR USE OF THE ISLAND AS A MISSILE TRACKING SITE. THE AMOUNT OF THE AID WAS DELETED FROM THE TRANSCRIPT, BUT FROM OTHER SOURCES IT WAS LEARNED THAT IT IS ABOUT 80 MILLION DOLLARS.

THE COMMITTEE ALSO WAS TOLD THE ADVANCED NATO COUNTRIES OF WESTERN EUROPE ARE FALLING SHORT OF WHAT WASHINGTON WOULD LIKE BY WAY OF MILITARY EFFORT. BUT ASST. SECRETARY LIVINGSTON T. MERCHANT SAID THEY ARE DOING A CREDITABLE JOB.

WILLIAM H. DRAPER JR., HEAD OF A PRESIDENTIAL COMMITTEE ON ARMS AID, SAID HIS GROUP ACTUALLY FAVORED 525 MILLION DOLLARS MORE FOR NATO FORCE MODERNIZATION RATHER THAN THE 400 MILLION PUBLICLY RECOMMENDED. HE SAID IT USED THE LOWER FIGURE "TO BE CERTAIN TO BE ON THE CONSERVATIVE SIDE."

DRAPER SAID ITEMS HIS COMMITTEE THINKS SHOULD BE ADDED TO NATO AID NEXT YEAR INCLUDE SOLID FUEL INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES AND ADVANCED AIRCRAFT. NEITHER CONGRESS NOR THE ADMINISTRATION HAVE ACCEPTED THE DRAPER RECOMMENDATIONS SO FAR.

CZ1252PED

81WX

(260) ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY  
AID SECRECY

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)-THE PENTAGON SAYS IT DOESN'T OBJECT TO SAYING HOW MUCH ARMS AID AMERICA SENDS TO EACH OF ITS ALLIES AROUND THE WORLD. BUT THE ASSISTANT SECRETARIES OF STATE, TO A MAN, WANT THE FIGURES KEPT SECRET.

THIS SPLIT BETWEEN THE DEFENSE AND THE STATE DEPARTMENTS CAME TO LIGHT TODAY WITH THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE'S RELEASE OF CLOSED SESSION TESTIMONY GIVEN LAST MONTH ON THE FOREIGN AID BILL.

THE SENATORS PRESSED UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE C. DOUGLAS DILLON FOR PUBLIC RELEASE OF THE DOLLAR FIGURES ON PAST U.S. ARMS AID TO INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES. THEY SAID THE PUBLIC IS ENTITLED TO KNOW WHERE ITS DOLLARS ARE GOING AND THAT THE COUNTRIES INVOLVED KNOW WHAT THEY ARE GETTING ANYWAY.

DILLON PROMISED TO LOOK INTO THIS. HE RETURNED TO REPORT THAT THE PENTAGON -- OFTEN ACCUSED OF BEING A CITADEL OF SECRECY -- AGREED TO ISSUING THE FIGURES BUT THE STATE DEPARTMENT DID NOT.

"I WENT BACK TO MY OFFICE AND HAD A MEETING THERE WITH ALL OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARIES," DILLON SAID.

"I FOUND A VERY STRONG FEELING. . . THAT THIS (REMOVAL OF SECRECY) WOULD CAUSE TREMENDOUS JEALOUSY, WOULD PUT TREMENDOUS PRESSURES ON THE UNITED STATES TO GIVE INCREASED AID WHICH WE DON'T FEEL IS

NECESSARY, TO THOSE COUNTRIES THAT FELT THAT THEY HAD BEEN DISCRIMINATED AGAINST AS COMPARED TO THEIR NEIGHBORS, AND FOR THAT REASON THESE ASSISTANT SECRETARIES WERE UNANIMOUSLY AND VERY STRONGLY OPPOSED TO THAT PROCEDURE."

THE COMMITTEE WOUND UP VOTING FOR A PROVISION AIMED AT REMOVING THE SECRECY. WHAT ACTUALLY WILL HAPPEN REMAINS TO BE SEEN. THE ADMINISTRATION HOPES TO SOFTEN THE COMMITTEE PROVISIO BEFORE THE BILL GETS THROUGH CONGRESS.

CZ603PED

A67WX

(400) DEFENSE

BY EDWIN B. HAACKINSON

WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)-THE ADMINISTRATION'S NEW MASTER PLAN FOR AIR DEFENSE WAS DESCRIBED BY SEN. JOHN STENNIS (D-MISS) TODAY AS "JUST A SLIGHT REVISION OF THE OLD SYSTEMS."

"IT DOES NOT COME TO GRIPS WITH THE REAL PROBLEMS," STENNIS TOLD A REPORTER, ADDING:

"THE EFFORT TO SELL THIS AS A MASTER DEFENSE PLAN IS A MISNOMER. IT'S NOT A MASTER DEFENSE PLAN."

STENNIS IS CHAIRMAN OF TWO SENATE SUBCOMMITTEES THAT MUST TAKE INITIAL ACTION ON THE PROPOSALS PRESENTED BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL H. MCELROY AND OTHER TOP PENTAGON OFFICIALS.

THE SENATOR SAID FIRST DECISIONS PROBABLY WILL BE MADE EARLY NEXT WEEK BY THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES SUBCOMMITTEE ON MILITARY CONSTRUCTION WHICH HAS BEEN TAKING SECRET TESTIMONY THE PAST WEEK.

"THE DEEPER YOU GET INTO THESE NEW WEAPONS PROGRAMS THE MORE YOU REALIZE HOW FAR OFFENSE IS AHEAD OF DEFENSE," STENNIS SAID, APPARENTLY REFERRING TO THE INCREASING THREATS OF OCEAN-SPANNING BALLISTIC MISSILES

BOTH STENNIS AND SEN. FRANCIS CASE (R-SD), RANKING GOP MEMBER OF THE GROUP THAT PASSES UPON AUTHORIZATIONS FOR MISSILES INSTALLATIONS, SAID A CUTBACK IN THE ANTIAIRCRAFT MISSILES PROGRAMS OF BOTH THE ARMY AND AIR FORCE SHOULD SAVE \$1,400,000,000 OVER THE NEXT FIVE OR SIX YEARS.

CASE, IN A SEPARATE INTERVIEW, SAID THAT EVEN DEEPER SLASHES IN AIR DEFENSE SPENDING COULD BE MADE IF CONGRESS ACCEPTS THE CENTRAL PREMISE OF THE REVISED PROGRAMS.

THIS IS A GENERAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE THEORY THAT THE MAIN SOVIET THREAT IS NOT FROM MANNED BOMBERS OR SLOW MISSILES BUT FROM LONG RANGE AND INTERMEDIATE RANGE MISSILES ARMED WITH NUCLEAR WARHEADS.

MCELROY ASKED CUTBACKS IN BOTH THE ARMY'S NIKE-HERCULES, A GROUND TO AIR MISSILE FOR KNOCKING DOWN BOMBERS AT A RANGE 25 TO 80 MILES, AND THE AIR FORCE'S BOMARC, PLANNED TO DO THE SAME THING AT A RANGE OF 400 TO 500 MILES.

HE ALSO PROPOSED A 137 MILLION DOLLAR ADDITION TO THE 875 MILLIONS PREVIOUSLY ASKED TO PUSH THE ARMY'S NIKE-ZEUS, BEING DEVELOPED AS A WEAPON AGAINST INCOMING BALLISTIC MISSILES.

CASE SAID THE NEW AIR DEFENSE PROGRAM FAILS TO CARRY OUT RECOMMENDATIONS OF A SECRET MISSILES EVALUATION STUDY MADE FOR THE PENTAGON THIS YEAR BY A PANEL OF NON-GOVERNMENT EXPERTS HEADED BY DR. C. C. FURNAS, FORMER ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

FURNAS, CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BUFFALO, GAVE CLOSED-DOOR TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SENATE GROUP THIS WEEK ALONG WITH DR. HERBERT YORK, SCIENTIST WHO NOW HOLDS THE NEW POST OF PENTAGON DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING.

"WE ASKED THEM TO COME IN AS COUNSELLORS AND ADVISERS," STENNIS SAID.

PENDING BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE IS AN AUTHORIZATION BILL FOR MORE THAN A BILLION DOLLARS ON MILITARY PROJECTS WHICH MUST BE CLEARED BEFORE SOME 40 BILLION DOLLARS IN TWO DEFENSE MONEY BILLS CAN BE COMPLETED

STENNIS ALSO HEADS THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON MILITARY CONSTRUCTION.

EG5PED



A77WX

(320) ADVANCE FOR 530 PM EST TODAY  
BRAZILIAN BASE (WITH BUDGET)  
BY STANFORD BRADSHAW  
(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)--A FOUR YEAR AGREEMENT FOR THE USE OF A 10-SQUARE MILE BRAZILIAN ISLAND AS A MISSILE TRACKING STATION IS COSTING THE UNITED STATES BETWEEN 70 AND 90 MILLION DOLLARS.

THE FIGURE--CLASSIFIED AS SECRET--IS DELETED IN TESTIMONY RELEASED TODAY BY THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, BUT IS IMPLICIT IN STATEMENTS ALLOWED TO STAND, AS WELL AS IN 1958 TESTIMONY.

INDEPENDENT SOURCES INDICATED THE ACTUAL FIGURE WILL APPROXIMATE 80 MILLION DOLLARS.

THE COST OF THE BASE--DEFENDED BY THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AS VITAL TO THE ATLANTIC MISSILE RANGE--WAS REPEATEDLY QUESTIONED BY MEMBERS OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE IN HEARINGS ON THE NEW MILITARY AID PROGRAM.

CHAIRMAN J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) ASKED IF THE COST WAS NOT EXCESSIVE. SEN. FRANK CHURCH (D-IDAHO) TERMED THE BASE "THE MOST EXPENSIVE PIECE OF REAL ESTATE IN HISTORY."

"A COZY SCREEN OF SECURITY" OVER SUCH MATTERS, CHURCH REMARKED, MEANS "THERE IS MUCH LESS HESITATION TO ENTER INTO A BAD DEAL." HE APPEALED FOR AN END TO SECRECY ON MILITARY PROGRAMS.

THE AGREEMENT GIVING THE UNITED STATES THE RIGHT TO USE FERNANDO DE NORONHA ISLAND, 250 MILES OUT IN THE ATLANTIC OFF BRAZIL'S NORTHERN HUMP, WAS SIGNED IN 1957.

UNDER THE PACT--SUBJECT TO RENEGOTIATION AT THE END OF FIVE YEARS--THE UNITED STATES AGREED TO STUDY WITH BRAZIL THE ADDITIONAL MILITARY RESPONSIBILITIES ASSUMED BY BRAZIL AS A RESULT OF THE GRANT.

THESE DISCUSSIONS LED TO AN AGREEMENT TO PROVIDE BRAZIL WITH ADDITIONAL MILITARY AID OVER A FOUR YEAR PERIOD. TESTIMONY GIVEN CONGRESS INDICATES THIS IS BROKEN DOWN INTO FOUR ONE-YEAR INSTALLMENTS.

BRIG. GEN. FREDERICK O. HARTEL TOLD THE SENATE COMMITTEE MAY 14 THE U.S. AID INCLUDES AMOUNTS FOR LEASE OF THE TRACKING BASE, LANDING TEAMS, REGIMENTAL COMBAT TEAMS AND MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT.

A STATEMENT GIVEN THE COMMITTEE SHOWS THE COST OF CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT OF THE STATION WAS \$8,900,000 (M). IT HAS 42 TEMPORARY TYPE BUILDINGS, NINE TECHNICAL INSTALLATIONS OF CONCRETE AND STEEL, AND AN AIRCRAFT LANDING STRIP.

BESIDES THE ADDITIONAL MILITARY AID GIVEN BRAZIL AS A RESULT OF THE AGREEMENT, THE TESTIMONY SHOWS, BRAZIL ALSO IS GETTING REGULAR MILITARY AID FROM THE UNITED STATES, AS ARE MANY OTHER NATIONS. THIS AMOUNT ALSO IS CLASSIFIED SECRET.

CZ547PED

B44WX Q

ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5:30 PM EST TODAY

(290) RETIRED OFFICERS

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)--SEN. JACOB K. JAVITS (R-NY) SAID TODAY HE WILL SOON INTRODUCE LEGISLATION TO TIGHTEN UP PRESENT LAWS DEALING WITH EMPLOYMENT OF RETIRED MILITARY OFFICERS BY CONTRACTORS DOING GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

JAVITS SAID IT WILL BE PATTERNED ON PRESENT LAWS WHICH MAKE IT ILLEGAL FOR FORMER GOVERNMENT ATTORNEYS TO HANDLE CLAIMS OR SUITS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT FOR TWO YEARS AFTER QUITTING.

THE NEW YORK SENATOR SAID LEGISLATION IS NEEDED "NOT ONLY FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE GOVERNMENT BUT (IT) WOULD ALSO GIVE THE OFFICERS CONCERNED MORE PRECISE STANDARDS FOR THEIR OWN GUIDANCE."

THERE HAS BEEN SHARP CRITICISM IN BOTH THE SENATE AND HOUSE RECENTLY ABOUT HIRING OF FORMER GENERALS AND ADMIRALS BY DEFENSE CONTRACTORS. SEN. PAUL H. DOUGLAS (D-ILL) TOLD THE SENATE THIS WEEK THAT 88 OF THE

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100 LARGEST DEFENSE CONTRACTORS - HANDLING BILLIONS OF DOLLARS - ARE EMPLOYING 721 FORMER MILITARY OFFICERS OF THE RANK OF COLONEL OR HIGHER.

DOUGLAS SAID MOST DEFENSE CONTRACTS ARE NEGOTIATED RATHER THAN AWARDED BY COMPETITIVE BIDDING. HE LISTED SEVERAL LARGE CORPORATIONS, HIRING FORMER OFFICERS, WHICH THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE SAID HAD TRIED TO OVERCHARGE THE GOVERNMENT.

"THE POTENTIAL AND ACTUAL ABUSES ARE MAGNIFIED," DOUGLAS SAID, WHEN HIGH RANKING RETIRED OFFICERS DEAL "WITH THEIR FORMER OFFICERS, SOME OF WHOM THEY HAVE PROMOTED."

JAVITS SAID MOST OF THESE FORMER OFFICERS "ARE MEN OF HIGH CHARACTER AND PATRIOTISM" AND WOULD "WELCOME THE ESTABLISHMENT OF SUCH GUIDELINES."

HE SAID EXISTING LAWS ARE INADEQUATE, "FOR THEY DEAL ONLY WITH A PROHIBITION ON SALES TO DEPARTMENTS IN WHICH THEY FORMERLY SERVED."

"THERE IS NO PROVISION EXCLUDING THEM FROM PARTICIPATING IN CONTRACT NEGOTIATIONS AND SIMILAR ACTIVITIES WITH THEIR FORMER DEPARTMENT," HE SAID.

"THE STANDARDS TO BE ESTABLISHED MUST BE CAREFULLY SPELLED OUT, AND IT IS EQUALLY IMPORTANT THAT THERE BE A PRECISE DEFINITION ON THE EXTENT TO WHICH SUCH LEGISLATION SHALL APPLY TO THE PRIVATE CONTRACTORS WHO MAY IN THE FUTURE, EMPLOY SUCH OFFICERS."

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(NY JNL AMERICAN ASKED)

ADVANCE FOR 530PM EST TODAY

NELSON

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 20 (AP)--THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE PUBLISHED A 60-PAGE ACCOUNT TODAY OF THE CAREER OF STEVE NELSON, WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA COMMUNIST LEADER.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE DESCRIBED IT AS A FACTUAL SUMMARY DRAWN FROM PUBLIC RECORDS, NELSON'S OWN WRITINGS, AND ACCOUNTS IN VARIOUS COMMUNIST PERIODICALS.

"IT SHOWS NELSON JUST AS HE IS--A DANGEROUS MAN BORN TO WEAR THE TITLE OF 'HARD-CORE COMMUNIST'," CHAIRMAN JAMES O. EASTLAND (D-MISS) SAID IN A STATEMENT.

THE DOCUMENT WAS PUBLISHED AS AN APPENDIX TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S RECENT HEARINGS ON ANTI-SUBVERSIVE MEASURES, INCLUDING A BILL TO OVERCOME THE EFFECT OF THE SUPREME COURT'S 1956 DECISION IN THE NELSON CASE.

THE COURT UPHELD THE PENNSYLVANIA SUPREME COURT'S REVERSAL OF NELSON'S CONVICTION FOR SEDITION ON THE GROUND THAT THIS FIELD OF PROSECUTION HAD BEEN TAKEN OVER BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT THROUGH PASSAGE OF THE SMITH ACT AND OTHER ANTI-COMMUNIST LAWS.

EASTLAND SAID THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S ACCOUNT OF NELSON'S CAREER WAS DESIGNED TO POINT UP THE IMPORTANCE OF THE CASE FROM THE STANDPOINT OF NATIONAL SECURITY. HE SAID THIS HAD BEEN LARGELY OVERSHADOWED BY THE EMPHASIS PUT ON LEGAL ASPECTS.

IN THE DOCUMENT TRACING NELSON'S ACTIVITIES SINCE HE CAME TO THIS COUNTRY IN 1920 AS AN IMMIGRANT FROM YUGOSLAVIA, THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID THE RECORD SHOWS "ONE LONG CHAIN OF CONSPIRATORIAL MACHINATIONS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES."



ASSERTING THAT THE SOVIET UNION NOW HAS WEAPONS THAT, FOR THE FIRST TIME, MAKE THE UNITED STATES VULNERABLE TO ARMED ATTACK FROM BEYOND ITS BORDERS, THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID:

"ESSENTIAL TO THE DESIGNS OF SOVIET CONQUEST ARE ITS AMERICAN AGENTS, MILITARILY AND POLITICALLY TRAINED TO DO ITS BIDDING IN THE EVENT OF SUCH AN EMERGENCY. STEVE NELSON IS WELL PREPARED AND EXPERIENCED FOR SUCH A ROLE."

B3 (Q)

WE344PED

NIGHT LEAD TAILGUNNER (450)

BY GENE KRAMER

YOKOSUKA, JAPAN, JUNE 20 (AP)-A U.S. TAILGUNNER WOUNDED IN A MIG JET ATTACK SAID TODAY HE THOUGHT HIS NAVY PLANE WAS ADEQUATELY ARMED. THE TROUBLE WAS, NO ONE ABOARD DREAMED OF A RED ATTACK.

STILL HEAVILY BANDAGED AND SUFFERING FROM MULTIPLE WOUNDS, AVIATION ELECTRICIAN 3/C DONALD CORDER TALKED TO REPORTERS FROM A HOSPITAL STRETCHER. <sup>Mate</sup>

IN VIEW OF WASHINGTON CRITICISM THAT THE NAVY MERCATOR PLANE'S FORWARD GUNS WERE INOPERATIVE WHEN IT WAS ATTACKED BY THE MIGS OFF NORTH KOREA TUESDAY, REPORTERS ASKED CORDER IF HE THOUGHT THE PLANE WAS ADEQUATELY ARMED.

CORDER REPLIED THAT HE THOUGHT "WE WERE AMPLY PROTECTED." HE SAID HE DOUBTED THAT A FORWARD TURRET GUNNER COULD HAVE GOT IN A SHOT ANYWAY BECAUSE THE MIGS, BELIEVED FROM COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA, ATTACKED FROM THE REAR.

THE NAVY IN WASHINGTON SAID THE FORWARD GUNS WERE DELIBERATELY MADE INOPERATIVE TO PROVIDE ROOM FOR OTHER EQUIPMENT WHEN THE MERCATOR WAS CONVERTED FROM ANTISUBMARINE TO RECONNAISSANCE DUTY.

"NOBODY WHO FLIES THESE MISSIONS EVER THINKS HE IS GOING TO BE ATTACKED," CORDER SAID. "I WAS MORE SURPRISED THAN SCARED."

CORDER, OF JACKSONVILLE AND FARMER CITY, ILL., WAS THE FIRST OF THE 14-MAN CREW TO SPOT THE MIGS. HE ALSO WAS THE ONLY ONE WOUNDED.

"THEY DIDN'T TRY TO LOOK US OVER OR ANYTHING," CORDER SAID. "THEY STARTED OPENING FIRE WITH NO WARNING...THERE WAS NO HESITATION IN THEIR ATTACK AT ALL AS THEY CLOSED IN."

"THERE WAS QUITE A BIT OF CONFUSION. EVERYBODY WAS TALKING AT ONCE. I WAS ASKING THE PILOT'S PERMISSION TO RETURN FIRE. I CALLED SEVERAL TIMES. EITHER THE SECOND OR THIRD TIME, HE HEARD ME AND ANSWERED 'TAIL TURRET OPEN FIRE. TAIL TURRET OPEN FIRE.'"

"I DROPPED THE MIKE AND STARTED TRACKING. AS I WAS GETTING A LINE ON THE LEAD AIRPLANE I GOT HIT. IT BLEW ME OUT OF THE TURRET. I SAW SPARKS AND RED HOT LEAD FLYING. WHEN I GOT HIT THE MIG WAS RIGHT BEHIND ME, MAYBE 500 FEET."

CORDER CRAWLED FORWARD. FIRST ORDNANCE MAN RICHARD EUGENE NELSON, JAMESTOWN, KANS., "COVERED ME WITH HIS BODY FOR PROTECTION WHEN A FEW SECONDS LATER I AGAIN HEARD BULLETS HITTING THE AIRPLANE ON THE MIGS' THIRD RUN."

NELSON AND ENS. DONALD R. SULLIVAN, SECOND NAVIGATOR, APPLIED A TOURNIQUET TO STOP LEG BLEEDING DURING THE FLIGHT BACK TO JAPAN.

CORDER SAID HE THOUGHT HE COULD HAVE GOT THE MIG IF IT HAD NOT WOUNDED HIM FIRST, AND DECLARED: "I'D LIKE ANOTHER CHANCE."

REAR ADM. FREDERIC S. WITHINGTON, U.S. NAVAL COMMANDER IN JAPAN WHO INTRODUCED CORDER TO REPORTERS, SLAPPED HIS KNEE WITH DELIGHT AND GENTLY PATTED THE INJURED AIRMAN AT THIS REMARK.

WITHINGTON SAID "MY FRIEND CORDER IS A BRAVE MAN" AND "I AM PROUD TO BE IN THE SAME NAVY."

THE ADMIRAL SAID CORDER SHOULD RECOVER COMPLETELY IN ABOUT TWO MONTHS. CORDER SUFFERED A BROKEN KNEE AND MORE THAN 40 WOUNDS FROM SHRAPNEL AND FLYING DEBRIS. HE WAS GIVEN AN INJECTION TO EASE THE PAIN SHORTLY BEFORE HE TALKED WITH REPORTERS.

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((350))

HONOLULU, JUNE 20 (AP)-THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE U.S. PACIFIC FLEET TODAY CALLED THE ATTACK ON A U.S. NAVY PATROL PLANE BY COMMUNIST MIGS "AN ACT OF IRRESPONSIBLE BANDITRY."

THE REAL ISSUE OF THE INCIDENT OFF NORTH KOREA "IS THE FREEDOM OF THE SEAS AND THE AIRWAYS ABOVE THEM," ADM. HERBERT G. HOPWOOD TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE.

"WE CANNOT YIELD OUR RIGHTS AND THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS TO SAIL NAVY SHIPS OR MERCHANTMEN THROUGH INTERNATIONAL WATERS, OR TO FLY MILITARY OR COMMERCIAL AIRCRAFT ABOVE THEM," HOPWOOD DECLARED.

"TO GIVE IN ON THIS POINT WOULD BE EQUIVALENT TO SURRENDERING NEUTRAL GROUND TO ENEMY FORCES."

HOPWOOD SAID NAVY PLANES WOULD CONTINUE TO FLY RECONNAISSANCE PATROL IN THE FAR EAST. HE SAID HE EXPECTED THE U.S. GOVERNMENT TO LODGE A FORMAL PROTEST WITH THE COMMUNISTS OVER THE TUESDAY ATTACK.

FAILURE TO CONTINUE PATROLS WOULD BE AN OPEN INVITATION TO A SNEAK ATTACK AND POSSIBLY ANOTHER PEARL HARBOR, HOPWOOD DECLARED.

THE ADMIRAL SAID HE HAD AUTHORITY TO ORDER ESCORTS FOR HIS PATROL PLANES.

BUT HE DECLARED:

"I AM NOT BEING INTIMIDATED INTO ORDERING THE ESCORT OF ALL PATROL PLANES, COMMERCIAL AIRCRAFT AND MERCHANT SHIPS IN THE PACIFIC."

"I BELIEVE THIS ATTACK WAS AN IRRESPONSIBLE ACT OF BANDITRY WHICH I EXPECT WILL BE DEALT WITH ON AN INTERNATIONAL LEVEL BY OUR GOVERNMENT."

HOPWOOD SAID HE WAS DISTRESSED OVER THE FURORE RAISED IN WASHINGTON BECAUSE THE P4M MERCATOR'S FORWARD GUN EQUIPMENT HAD BEEN REMOVED FOR INSTALLATION OF CLASSIFIED ELECTRONIC RECONNAISSANCE GEAR.

THE MERCATOR'S FORWARD AND UPPER GUN TURRETS PURPOSELY WERE MADE INOPERATIVE TO IMPROVE THE PLANE'S RECONNAISSANCE EFFECTIVENESS, HE SAID.

HOPWOOD SAID U.S. PLANES ARE METICULOUS ABOUT AVOIDING ANY ACT THAT COULD BE CONSIDERED PROVOCATIVE BY THE COMMUNISTS.

ON THE OTHER HAND, HE DECLARED, "IF ANY SHIP, SUBMARINE OR AIRCRAFT SHOWS HOSTILE INTENT AGAINST U.S. CRAFT, OUR FELLOWS HAVE ORDERS TO OPEN UP--AND WE WON'T HESITATE TO DO SO."

THE ADMIRAL SAID "WE SIGHT PLANES (MIGS) FROM TIME TO TIME AND OUR SURFACE SHIPS ARE SHADOWED FROM TIME TO TIME BY COMMIE PLANES. THEY HAVE AS MUCH RIGHT IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS AS WE HAVE."

HOPWOOD SAID THESE INCIDENTS ARE REPORTED BUT NO ACTION IS TAKEN IF THE SHADOWING PLANES SHOW NO HOSTILE INTENT.

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A67

SEOUL, KOREA, JUNE 20 (AP)-THE U.N. COMMAND TODAY CHARGED THE COMMUNISTS WITH CONSTRUCTING MILITARY FORTIFICATIONS IN THE DEMILITARIZED ZONE NEAR THE KOREAN WAR BATTLEGROUND OF PORK CHOP HILL.

THE COMMUNISTS DENIED THE CHARGE AND CALLED IT A SLANDER, THE U.N. SAID.

THE CHARGE WAS MADE BY U.S. ARMY COL. R. B. FIREHOCK DURING A MEETING OF THE SECRETARIES OF THE MILITARY ARMISTICE COMMISSION AT PANMUNJOM.

FIREHOCK TOLD THE MEETING MORE THAN 500 TROOPS AND 50 HORSES WERE USED ALONG WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF EXPLOSIVES TO BUILD THE FORTIFICATIONS ABOUT 55 MILES NORTH OF SEOUL.

JL640AED



A115

(140)

THE HAGUE, JUNE 20 (AP)-THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE TODAY SETTLED AN OLD DUTCH-BELGIAN BORDER DISPUTE SO COMPLICATED THAT ONE MEMBER OF A FAMILY SOMETIMES SERVED IN THE BELGIAN ARMY AND ANOTHER IN THE DUTCH.

THE COURT RULED 10-4 THAT 35 ACRES OF BORDER LAND KNOWN AS BAERLE NASSAU BELONGS TO BELGIUM, UPHOLDING THE FINDINGS OF A MIXED BOUNDARY COMMISSION IN 1843.

THE COURT REJECTED THE DUTCH CONTENTION THAT THE BOUNDARY COMMISSION BOTCHED ITS WORK BY LEAVING A CARELESS CLERK TO MAKE A COPY OF A LAND REGISTER. THEY SAID THE CLERK MADE A MISTAKE.

THE DUTCH SAID THE COMMISSION THUS LEFT TWO CONFLICTING DOCUMENTS AND THE RECORDS SHOULD SHOW THE DUTCH HELD TITLE. BUT THE COURT MAJORITY FOUND A COMPARISON OF THE TWO DOCUMENTS SHOWED NO MISTAKE.

THE DISPUTE OVER THE BOUNDARY STRIP AROSE AFTER THE BELGIANS REVOLTED AGAINST DUTCH RULE IN 1830. THE FINAL SEPARATION OF HOLLAND AND BELGIUM OCCURRED IN 1839.

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(160)

CHICAGO, JUNE 20 (AP)-A FLOTILLA OF U.S. WARSHIPS IS HEADED FOR THE ST. LAWRENCE SEAWAY AND THE GREAT LAKES. IT IS THE FIRST MAJOR FORCE OF MEN OF WAR TO CRUISE THE LAKES SINCE THE WAR OF 1812.

THE INFORMATION OFFICE OF THE MISSION--OPERATION INLAND SEAS--REPORT-ED THE FIRST TWO VESSELS WERE SCHEDULED TO START THROUGH THE SEAWAY AT MONTREAL ABOUT MIDNIGHT TONIGHT.

THE VESSELS IN THE VAN ARE THE OGLETHORPE, A CARGO SHIP, AND THE CAMBRIA, A TRANSPORT.

THE INFORMATION BUREAU SAID THAT NO MORE THAN THREE OF THE SHIPS WILL GO THROUGH ANY OF THE SEVEN SEAWAY LOCKS ON A SINGLE DAY.

THE PURPOSE IS TO AVOID ANY FURTHER SLOWUP OF FREIGHTER TRAFFIC ON THE WATERWAY.

THE INFORMATION OFFICE ESTIMATED IT MAY TAKE 10 DAYS FOR ALL OF THE VESSELS IN TASK FORCE 47 TO GO THROUGH THE SEAWAY.

IN ALL, THERE ARE 28 WARSHIPS IN THE FLOTILLA--INCLUDING THE TRANS-PORT KLEINSMITH, ALREADY ON THE GREAT LAKES.

THE SHIPS WILL VISIT PORTS IN SEVEN STATES DURING THE SUMMER.

THE VESSELS ARE THE HEAVY CRUISER MACON; SUBMARINES SABLEFISH, TORSK, CORSAIR AND QUILLBACK; TRANSPORTS CAMBRIA AND KLEINSMITH; LAND-ING SHIPS SAN MARCOS, DONNER, TERREBONNE PARISH AND SUFFOLK COUNTY; CARGO SHIP OGLETHORPE AND 16 DESTROYERS--THE WILLIS A. LEE, PUTNAM, HENLEY, W. KEITH, AULT, J.P. KENNEDY, WARRINGTON, C.R. WARE, SAMUEL B. ROBERTS, DU PONT, FORREST ROYAL, FORREST SHERMAN, WALDRON, HAYNSWORTH, J.V. WEEKS AND C.H. ROAN. TWO AUXILIARIES, THE PRESERVER AND PENOBSCOT, ALSO WILL MAKE THE TRIP.

HERE IS THE NAVY'S LIST OF THE PORTS OF CALL, THE VESSELS THAT WILL VISIT EACH AND THE DATES:

## ILLINOIS:

CHICAGO, JULY 2-6, HAYNSWORTH, WARRINGTON, WARE, LEE, SABLEFISH; JULY 2-7, DONNER, TERREBONNE PARISH, KLEINSMITH, SUFFOLK COUNTY, OGLETHORPE, CAMBRIA, SAN MARCOS; JULY 2-9, KENNEDY; JULY 2-8, MACON, QUILLBACK, WEEKS; JULY 6-10, DU PONT, PUTNAM, HENLEY, KEITH.

## INDIANA:

MICHIGAN CITY, JULY 10-14, PUTNAM.

## MICHIGAN:

BAY CITY, JULY 17-20, SHERMAN, ROBERTS, CORSAIR. CHEBOYGAN, JULY 1-5, DU PONT; JULY 2-5, KEITH. DETROIT, JULY 2-8, SHERMAN, ROBERTS, ROAN, ROYAL; JULY 16-22, KENNEDY, WARRINGTON, WARE; JULY 16-20, LEE; JULY 24-30, PRESERVER.

MACKINAW CITY, JULY 1-5, HENLEY. MARQUETTE, JULY 9-14, WARE, WARRINGTON. MUSKEGON, JULY 9-13, OGLETHORPE, SAN MARCOS, SUFFOLK COUNTY. PORT HIRON, JULY 17-20, ROAN, ROYAL. SAULT STE. MARIE, JULY

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8-14, HAYNSWORTH; JULY 10-14, WEEKS. ST. IGNACE, JULY 1-5, PUTNAM.

## MINNESOTA:

DULUTH, JULY 11-15, SHERMAN, ROAN, ROYAL, CORSAIR; JULY 13-15, ROBERTS.

## NEW YORK:

LAKE ST. LOUIS, JUNE 23-27, MACON, SHERMAN, ROBERTS, ROAN, ROYAL, KENNEDY, WARRINGTON, WARE, LEE; JUNE 23-26, DU PONT, CORSAIR, PUTNAM. CAPE VINCENT, JUNE 24-26, SABLEFISH. OGDENSBURG, JUNE 24-26, HENLEY. CLAYTON, JUNE 24-27, KEITH. SNELL LOCK, JUNE 23, TORSK, HAYNSWORTH, WALDRON, WEEKS. EISENHOWER LOCK, JUNE 23-25, AULT. BUF-FALO, JULY 17-22, DU PONT, PUTNAM, HENLEY, KEITH, TORSK; JULY 24-27, MACON; JULY 17-27, PENOBSCOT.

DUNKIRK, JUNE 24-29, OGLETHORPE; JUNE 25-29, SAN MARCOS; JUNE 25-28, SULLOLK COUNTY. OSWEGO, JULY 23-27, DU PONT, PUTNAM. ROCHESTER, JULY 23-27, HENLEY, KEITH, TORSK; JULY 24-27, CAMBRIA, DONNER, KLEINSMITH, TERREBONNE PARISH, OGLETHORPE, SAN MARCOS, SUFFOLK COUNTY.

## OHIO:

ASHTABULA, JUNE 24-29, CAMBRIA; JUNE 24-28, DONNER, TERREBONNE PARISH, KLEINSMITH. CLEVELAND, JULY 16-23, MACON; JULY 16-20, CAMBRIA, TERREBONNE PARISH; JULY 18-20, DONNER, KLEINSMITH, OGLETHORPE, SAN MARCOS, SUFFOLK COUNTY; JULY 22-27, SHERMAN, ROBERTS, ROAN, ROYAL, CORSAIR; JULY 24-27, LEE.

LORAIN, JULY 16-18, DONNER, KLEINSMITH. PUT-IN-BAY, JULY 21, LEE. TOLEDO, JULY 15-18, OGLETHORPE, SAN MARCOS, SUFFOLK COUNTY; JULY 16-20, AULT, WALDRON, HAYNSWORTH, WEEKS, QUILLBACK.

PENNSYLVANIA: ERIE, JULY 20-22, CAMBRIA, DONNER, KLEINSMITH, TERREBONNE PARISH, OGLETHORPE, SAN MARCOS, SUFFOLK COUNTY; JULY 22, LEE; JULY 23-27, KENNEDY, WARRINGTON, WARE, SABLEFISH.

## WISCONSIN:

ASHLAND, JULY 11-12, ROBERTS. MANITOWOC, JULY 10-14, AULT; JULY 11-14, HENLEY. MARINETTE-MENOMINEE, JULY 11-14, DU PONT, TORSK. MILWAU-KEE, JULY 3-10, TORSK; JULY 3-9, AULT; JULY 3-8, WALDRON, CORSAIR; JULY 7-14, LEE, SABLEFISH; JULY 8-13, CAMBRIA, DONNER, KLEINSMITH, TERREBONNE PARISH; JULY 8-9, OGLETHORPE, SAN MARCOS, SUFFOLK COUNTY; JULY 9-13, MACON; JULY 9-14, KENNEDY; JULY 2-8, PRESERVER, PENOBSCOT. SHEBOYGAN, JULY 9-13, QUILLBACK; JULY 9-14, WALDRON; JULY 10-14, KEITH.

## CANADA:

MONTREAL, JULY 24-27, AULT, WALDRON, HAYNSWORTH, WEEKS, QUILLBACK.

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